

ISSUANCE TEST RATE APPLICATION

Submitted by the
South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority
to
the Representative Policy Board
of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water District

Date: July 29, 2024

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PREFACE

Rules of Practice of the Representative Policy Board

This issuance test rate application is presented in accordance with Part 1, "Applications, General Provisions," and Part 2, "Rate Fixing," of the Representative Policy Board's ("RPB") *Description of Organization, Rules of Practice and Procedures for Consumer Complaints*. Sections of this application, which are required by the RPB, begin by quoting language from that document to introduce the material.

Section One: Introduction

1. Nature of the application and its key elements

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "A summary statement explaining the nature of the rate application and highlighting its key elements. Such statement shall cite by appropriate reference the statutory provision or other authority under which such authorization is to be granted by the Board..."

a. Statutory reference:

The South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority's (the "Authority") enabling legislation, adopted by the Connecticut General Assembly in 1977, is *Special Act 77-98*, as amendment by Special Act 78-24, Special Act 84-46, Special Act 99-12, Public Act 02-85, Special Act 03-11, Special Act 03-12, Special Act 13-20, Special Act 17-5, and Special Act 18-4 ("the Act").

Section 14 of the Act includes the following language:

"With the approval of the representative policy board, the authority shall establish just and equitable rates or charges for the use of the water supply system to be paid by any customer, and may change such rates or charges from time to time."

Section 14 of the Act also states that the rates shall provide funds, in conjunction with other water supply related revenues, sufficient to operate the water supply system, including the satisfaction of "any requirements of any resolution authorizing, or trust agreement securing, such bonds of the authority..."

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a statement explaining the nature of an issuance test rate application, including a reference to Section 619A of the Authority's Water System Revenue Bond Resolution General Bond Resolution under which the authorization of such an application is to be granted by the Board..."

b. General Bond Resolution

This rate application is an "issuance test" rate application, meaning an application that is triggered by a requirement for the issuance of bonds in the Authority's *General Bond Resolution*, rather than by lack of revenue to meet current operating expenses. (The Authority issues its own debt to finance a portion of its capital program.)

The issuance test requirement is found in Section 619 of the Authority's *Water System Revenue Bond Resolution General Bond Resolution (the "General Bond Resolution")*, adopted by the Authority on July 31, 1980 and approved by the RPB on the same date, as amended and supplemented. Section 619 of the *General Bond Resolution* states that the Authority shall not issue additional bonds unless certain requirements are satisfied and certified to the Authority's Trustee.

Briefly, to satisfy the requirements of the *General Bond Resolution's* issuance test, the Authority must demonstrate that it will have sufficient net revenue after operating expenses to

pay the projected debt service on any bonds outstanding in the current year and in <u>any</u> future year, as well as on its bonds currently proposed. The section of the *General Bond Resolution* quoted below requires the Authority to demonstrate the sufficiency of its revenues by using a conservative calculation that subtracts anticipated operating expenses from historical revenues.

Section 619A of the General Bond Resolution reads as follows:

The Authority files with the Trustee the certificate of an Authorized Officer setting forth:

- "(1) Revenues for any historical period of twelve (12) consecutive calendar months out of the eighteen (18) calendar months next preceding the issue of the additional Bonds adjusted to give effect to any additional Revenues which the Authority estimates would have resulted had any increases in rates adopted prior to the issue of the additional Bond been in effect for such period and adjusted to give effect to any amounts transferred from the Rate Stabilization Fund to the Revenue Fund during such period and adjusted to give effect to the refundable credit expected to be received for such additional bonds from the Federal government pursuant to section 54AA of the Code."
- "(2) The amount which the Authority estimates will result during a future period consisting of the twelve consecutive calendar months following the issue of the additional Bonds for (i) Operating Expenses (but not less than the amount of Operating Expenses for such historical period), (ii) PILOT payments, (iii) payments for debt service required to be made on Outstanding Bonds pursuant to Section 404C(1) and (2) and payments from Revenues to maintain reserve requirements under the Resolution, (iv) the amount by which the Interest Requirement on Variable Rate Bonds exceeds the payments for interest required to be paid on such Bonds pursuant to Section 404C(1) and related costs, (v) payment for debt service or to maintain reserves required by any resolution authorizing the issue of Subordinated Debt (except to the extent that at the time of issuance of such Subordinated Debt such payments are schedule to be made from moneys other than revenues), (vi) Depreciation Expense and (vii) payments from Revenues for all other obligations of the Authority, except those to be paid from the General Fund; and "
- "(3) The amount of resulting net Revenues including, for purposes of C(2) and C(3) below, the adjustments of A(1) above and an amount on deposit in the Rate Stabilization Fund Surplus Subaccount as determined and specified by written certification of the Authority, which amount may be no greater than 20% of the maximum aggregate of Principal Installments and interest of the current Fiscal Year on Outstanding Bonds, including Additional Bonds."

Also, in Section 619C of the *General Bond Resolution* is the following language further defining the content of the Authority's certificate to its Trustee regarding its issuance of new debt:

"Net Revenues as computed...above are not less than One Hundred Fourteen Percent (114%) of the maximum aggregate amount of Principal Installments and interest becoming due in the current or any future Fiscal Year on Outstanding Bonds, including the additional Bonds; and"

"Net Revenues as computed...above plus PILOT payments as computed...above are not less than One Hundred Twenty-Five Percent (125%) of the maximum aggregate amount of Principal Installments and interest becoming due in the current or any future Fiscal Year on Outstanding Bonds, including the additional Bonds."

Further, Section 619C contains the following language regarding acquisition of an existing water system:

"In case an existing water system is to be acquired from the proceeds of such additional Bonds, the information set forth in the certificate of an Authorized Officer shall include the financial information, for the same historical and future twelve-month periods, of the water system to be acquired adjusted to conform to the methods of computing such information for the Water System under the Resolution..."

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a statement of the amount of debt proposed for issuance..."

c. Proposed debt

The South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority (RWA) proposes issuance of new debt of approximately \$43.5 million, inclusive of the anticipated premium. The proposed new debt includes approximately \$20.4 million expected to be issued as CT DWSRF and Water Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (WIFIA) loans. The \$43.5 million does not include approximately \$3.6 million of Connecticut Drinking Water State Revolving Fund ("CT DWSRF") loan expected to close prior to January 2025.

In 1996, the State of Connecticut (the "State) established the CT DWSRF program, which provides financing for projects that have been identified by the State Department of Public Health ("DPH") as part of the agency's responsibility for ensuring the quality and adequacy of the State's public drinking water sources. Funding is provided to communities in the form of long-term low-interest currently estimated at 2.85% loans that can be repaid in terms of up to 20 years. Such loans are often supplemented with grants. The DPH, the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) and the Office of the State Treasurer administer the program. The DWSRF program is funded through a partnership between the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the states. The debt financing is through a project loan agreement, but only for such projects as have been approved by the DPH.

This application for a revenue increase in conjunction with the Authority's issuance of its Water System Revenue Bonds proposed to be issued on or about January 2025 and to cover the debt service on new CT DWSRF and WIFIA loans, is an "issuance test rate application," meaning an application where all or a portion of the rate increase is based upon revenues needed for debt service of a new bond issue, CT DWSRF, and WIFIA loans for capital expenditures. The new bond issue also includes the long-term financing associated with the July 2024 acquisition.

Thus, this application seeks to demonstrate that the Authority must increase its rates for consumers of water in order to meet the debt service requirements of the resolution in the "Action" tab, which authorizes the Authority's issuance of its Bonds to fund its program of capital improvements along with the CT DWSRF and WIFIA loans.

The Authority issues debt to finance its capital programs, categorized as follows:

- <u>Natural Resources</u>
 (e.g., watershed protection; land management; dam improvements)
- Treatment
 (e.g., improvements to water treatment facilities)

Transmission & Pumping

(e.g., pipe, transmission mains, cleaning & lining, improvements to pumping facilities)

General Plant

(e.g., information systems; equipment)

If approved, the proposed revenue increase will allow the Authority to finance its capital program, from approximately January 2025 through June 2026, and thereby continue its critical work of capital improvement.

<u>The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following:</u> "...a statement of the proposed revenue increase reflected in absolute dollars and percent of above historic revenues..."

d. Proposed revenue increase

In this application (see the issuance test on page 23), the Authority seeks approval to raise an additional \$5.332 million in annual revenue over its base revenue, i.e., revenue for the twelvemonth period ended October 2024, known as the "historical" period, which is an overall increase of 3.8%. As explained in detail in the "Rates and fees" tab, the Authority's typical residential customer \$1.90 per month, or 6 cents a day, or 4.0%, with approval by the RPB.

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "...a statement explaining the role, if any, of the Rate Stabilization Fund in the rate application, including the Fund's role with respect to the allocation or expenditure of funds..."

e. Rate Stabilization Fund ("RSF")

In its deliberations regarding this application, the Authority decided to propose no allocation in the issuance test from the Rate Stabilization Fund. (Please refer to pages 31-33) for a detailed discussion of the Authority's rationale regarding an allocation.) Each time that it considers drawing or allocating money from the RSF, the Authority assesses a multiplicity of factors to make a business decision, the primary purpose of which is to protect the water customer by implementing predictable rate increases, as depicted in its long-term financial planning model. In addition, the Authority seeks to safeguard the RSF because it is a valuable and finite financial resource. Page 23 presents the issuance test for the proposed financing, anticipated to occur on or about January 2025. Page 17 of this application provides the projected maintenance test for fiscal years 2025 and 2026. assuming the revenue increase proposed in this application.

For background to its decision regarding the use of the RSF, please recall that the Authority established the fund in 1996. Described in Section 414 of the *General Bond Resolution*, the RSF resulted from a large refinancing undertaken by the Authority in 1993 that generated sufficient saving in debt service expense to allow the fund's creation. In order to preserve the RSF, which was severely depleted after two consecutive years (fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010) of revenue deficiencies due to weather, the Authority believes it is important to seek a rate increase that generates the revenue needed to meet the issuance test. From fiscal 2011 through fiscal 2015, the Authority has focused on restoration of our depleted reserves and subsequently to, at least, maintaining reserves at targeted levels. The target for the RSF is \$10.0 million, as discussed below.

<u>The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following:</u> "...an explanation of unusual circumstances involved in the application, to which the Board will be expected to direct is particular attention..."

f. Unusual circumstances

Cool temperatures and wetter than normal weather during the summer months of 2008 and 2009 substantially reduced the Authority's water revenue, resulting in a \$1.4 million and \$3.2 million draw on the RSF for rascal years ending May 31, 2009 and 2010, respectively.

After two consecutive wetter than normal summers leading to two consecutive draws on the RSF, the balance in the RSF decreased to approximately \$3 million, a reduction of 61% from its fiscal 2008 balance. RWA was able to begin replenishing the fund in fiscal 2011, fiscal 2012, and fiscal 2013. These contributions have brought the fund balance to the established target of \$10 million. At the end of FY 2024, the RSF was at the target level of \$10 million. While "non-cash" draws are within our ten-year model forecast, it is expected that there will be sufficient excess cash at year-end to retain the fund balance at the \$10 million target.

Following the fiscal 2024 year-end disposition, the General Fund was at \$13.750 million and during the eighteen months, that this application covers this fund is expected to be between the current level and its \$10 million target. Since the General Fund can be used for any lawful purpose, keeping the funds a little above its target provides for flexibility and helps to ensure that the fund will not dip below its targeted level. Despite the anomaly due to COVID-19, the RWA has continued to experience a declining trend in draft, averaging an approximate 1% reduction per year since 1999. In a June 2018 publication from the United States Geological Survey, declining per capita usage trends through 2015 were reported. It does not appear that their analysis for the period 2000 through 2020 is available at this time Increasing concerns regarding global water scarcity can translate into increased water efficiency and conservation.

Earlier reports on water consumption are still pertinent. A Water Research Foundation (WRF) April 2016 report, "Residential End Uses of Water, Version 2: Executive Report" found for participating utilities, a 22% decrease since 1999 in average household indoor water use. Appliances that are more efficient and fixtures contributed to this reduction, and more than half of residences in this study did not meet the efficiency criteria for clothes washers and toilets; 20% did not meet the standards for showers. In addition, households that currently over-irrigate could change habits leading to lower outdoor water usage. This report indicated, "Substantial indoor and outdoor conservation potential exists in the single family section. With 100% occurrence of higher efficiency devices, indoor household water use could drop by 35% or more, to below 40 gallons per capita per day. Aggressive outdoor water conservation could reduce outdoor use even further."

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a concise and explicit statement of the facts on which the Board is expected to rely in granting the authorization sought..."

g. Facts upon which the RPB may rely

The RPB may rely upon the contents of this "issuance test rate application" as a statement of facts, as well as upon testimony given by members of the Authority's management and its consultants in public hearing.

Section Two: Perspective

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a summary schedule of historical revenue increases, including the approved percentage increase in revenues and the effective date of each revenue increase..."

1. History of revenue increases

Prior to this rate application, the RPB most recently approved a rate increase that took effect in June 2023, in conjunction with the Authority's issuance of its Water System Revenue Bonds, Thirty-seventh Series Bonds. That rate increase was triggered by the issuance test of the *General Bond Resolution*.

The following presents the history of the Authority's revenue increases since 1980:

Amount of increase	
(In revenues (%)	Effective date
3.8	January 2025
5.2	June 2023
6.2	January 2022
6.1	July 2019
3.0	January 2018
6.7	June 2016
7.5	December 2014
7.2	May 2013
13.0	July 2011
8.2	April 2010
4.2	April 2009
3.6	April 2008
4.6	February 2007
5.1	October 2005
4.5	September 2004
2.5	August 2000
3.7	June 1999
4.6	August 1996
5.3	April 1992
7.4	March 1991
9.5	March 1990
7.2	November 1988
3.1	August 1986
5.1	June 1984
5.2	May 1983
10.8	May 1981
14.5	August 1980

water revenue over the past approximately forty-four years, an increase over the "historical" period" in excess of every year and on-half on average. As a result of this current rate application, the typical customer \$1.90 per month, 6 cents per day, or 4.0%.

The foregoing demonstrates that the Authority has obtained approval for twenty-six increases in

In analyzing alternatives to an increase in water rates, it is important to note ways in which the Authority can generate revenue per the requirements of the issuance test. Given the Authority's purpose and structure under its enabling legislation as a public corporation, constituting a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the State of Connecticut, and performing an essential governmental function (but without taxing power) in the exercise of its functions, the Authority currently generates revenues for purposes of the issuance test only through the following activities:

- Selling water and fire protection services;
- Collecting charges and fees from its water customers, as detailed in the "Rates and fees" tab:
- Selling wholesale water to neighboring water utilities;
- Charging users for programs that are compatible with its essential functions, e.g.

"Other operating revenue – water"

Un-metered water

Facility charges

Service connection fees

Service calls

Field collection charges

Miscellaneous

Deficient check charges

Forestry

Taps

Recreation

"Other operating revenue – proprietary"

Lab testing for outside parties

Property rentals

Garage repair program

PipeSafe (water service line protection, sewer/septic line protection, and plumbing protection plans)

Home Safety Valve (water, sewer, and plumbing protection plans)

• The Authority, with the enabling legislation changes approved in 2017, is allowed to conduct environmental-related activities (e.g., agriculture, renewable energy). In 2018, the *General Bond Resolution* was modified to incorporate these changes. In 2024, the "noncore" definition in the enabling legislation was expanded to include sustainable manufacturing support. The Authority continues to actively pursue these additional avenues to mitigate rate increases and is executing against this initiative.

Section 14 of the Act contemplates that the Authority's rates and charges for use of the water supply system will provide the predominant source of revenue to operate the system in addition to "other water supply related revenues." Examples of "other water supply related revenues" are various fees, such as fees for meter installations. Please refer to the "Rates and fees" tab for more detail concerning "other revenue" from fees and charges.

<u>The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following:</u> "...a statement explaining the current rate structure, referencing the latest cost of service study, and any proposed changes in the rate structure, supporting such proposal with such cost of service study and other data..."

2. Rate Structure

A "water rate structure" is a schedule of fees designed, among other things, to recover the utility's costs. Rate structures generally include four elements:

- Consideration of the classification of customers served (e.g., residential, commercial, industrial, as well as other classes such as public authority, public fire, and private fire);
- Meter and service connection size;
- Frequency of billing;
- Identification of charges that each class of customer will be assessed.

Cost allocation and rate design

The cost allocation and rate design incorporated into this rate application is based on the cost allocation and rate design study performed by Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc., in July 2021. The purpose of the study was to evaluate the cost of operations, as well as the physical characteristics of the system and its customers' relative requirements (demand) for water. Rates were then designed which could generate revenues from each class of customer in accordance with the estimated cost of serving each class of customer.

There are no rate design changes being proposed in this rate application. The rate design continues to reflect a volumetric charge on a per ccf basis applicable to each meter size. The service charges also varies by meter size. Approximately 6.8% of the Authority's water revenue comes from customers that may use more than one million cubic feet of water per quarter. Examples of those customers are the following:

Yale University
Yale New Haven Hospital, Incorporated
State of Connecticut Department of Corrections (Cheshire)
Milford Power Company
Quinnipiac University
Veterans' Administration Connecticut Healthcare System (West Haven)
Southern Connecticut State University
PSEG Power CT
Bozzuto's Warehouse
Medtronic

Economic development rate**

The Authority offers an "economic development rate" as an incentive to encourage new* commercial or industrial customers in its service area, for significantly expanding operations, or distressed businesses contemplating closing by assessing the customer at 80 percent of applicable water rates for the first five (5) years of occupancy. Rates will be subject to periodic effects of a general rate increase and/or surcharges. If the customer's period of occupancy is less than five (5) years, the Authority will pro-rate the full rate back to the first date of occupancy. After the initial five (5) years, over the subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer a ten (10) percent increase in the first year of the three (3) year period, a five (5) percent increase in the second year, and a five (5) percent increase in the third and final year of the three-year period.

These increases will be based on the then current rates. At the end of this subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer its full applicable water rates.

To qualify for this economic development rate the customer must consume at least 500,000 gallons of water per year.

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a summary statement of required revenues by class of consumer for the current fiscal year and the year following the fiscal year setting forth the funds required for operating and maintenance expenses, debt service requirements, payments in lieu of taxes, and amount necessary to meet general bond resolution requirements..."

3. Maintenance test (summary statement; below shows revenues by class of consumer)

Maintenance Test: Summary statement of required revenues (\$000 Omitted)

	 cal Year 2025 ojected	 o Forma Year *	 cal Year 2026 ojected
Operating and maintenance expenses	\$ 71,610	\$ 73,295	\$ 74,499
PILOT	9,295	9,523	9,775
Depreciation expense	9,000	10,750	10,750
Debt service payments @ 114%	53,358	54,951	54,295
Proposed debt payments @ 114%	166	1,758	2,685
Required revenue	\$ 143,429	\$ 150,277	\$ 152,003

^{*12-}month period beginning January 1, 2025

Assumptions underlying the summary schedule above:

The "required revenues" shown above are the cash collections required to meet the maintenance test for the period noted, not the issuance test for the proposed financing to occur on or about January 2025, which is shown on page 23. For the current fiscal year (fiscal 2025), the Authority has projected the maintenance test using the FY 2025 budget as the basis and making known and anticipated modifications. The fiscal 2025 projection is also updated for additional depreciation associated with the new rates becoming effective. The fiscal 2025 projection reflects additional debt service associated with CT DWSRF and WIFIA financing later this fiscal year.

^{*}A new customer is defined as relocating to the Authority's service area from out-of-state or from another service area within Connecticut.

^{**}Applicability of the Economic Development Rate to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

The debt service shown above includes debt service in the *Pro Forma Year* and the approaching fiscal year (beginning June 1, 2025), assuming issuance of the proposed debt. Operating and maintenance expenses for the *Pro Forma Year* include projected amounts from January 2025 through December 2025, that are based on budgeted figures for the current fiscal year and projections for the period June 2025 through December 2025. The *Pro Forma Year* includes inflation factors in accordance with the May 2023 Congressional Budget Office update, other source information (e.g., prior pension and other projections from the Authority's actuary), and other known and anticipated changes. For more detail regarding the assumptions underlying the figures presented on this page, please refer to pages 23 to 27.

Summary of revenue from existing Rates by class of customer (\$000) Omitted

Water revenue collected:	FY 2025 Projected revenues without rate increase		Projected revenues Pro Forma Year (1/1/25 to 12/31/25)		FY 2026 Projected revenues		
Revenue class:							
Residential	\$	90,699	\$	90,488	\$	90,337	
Commercial	Ψ	18,911	Ψ	18,827	Ψ	18,767	
Industrial		2,139		2,129		2,122	
Public authority		4,159		4,140		4,127	
Seasonal		464		462		461	
Total by class		116,372		116,046		115,814	
Fire service revenue:							
Private		3,466		3,466		3,466	
Public		9,444		9,444		9,444	
Total fire service		12,911		12,911		12,911	
Wholesale revenue		851		842		842	
Subtotal water revenue		130,133		129,799		129,567	
Miscellaneous & Facility charges		1,732		1,732		1,732	
Other revenue		8,012		8,948		8,948	
Total revenue	\$	139,877	\$	140,479	\$	140,247	
20001000		137,077	<u>Ψ</u>	110,177		110,217	

Projected maintenance tests if rate increase is approved and the Proposed Bonds are issued (\$000 Omitted)

	Fiscal Year 2025	Fiscal Year 2026
Water sales revenue	\$ 131,559	\$ 134,782
Non-water revenue	9,744	10,739
From rate stabilization fund	-	1,999
BABs subsidy	644	616
Investment income	4,034	3,797
	145,981	151,933
Operating and maintenance expenses	71,610	74,449
Depreciation Expense	9,729	10,750
PILOT	9,295	9,755
	90,634	94,954
Net revenue available for debt service (A)	\$ 55,347	\$ 56,979
Debt service payments	\$ 46,805	\$ 47,627
Payments on proposed bonds	146	2,355
Total debt payments (C)	\$ 46,951	\$ 49,982
Total debt payments x 114% (B)	\$ 53,524	\$ 56,979
Maintenance test overage (A-B)	\$ 1,823	\$ (0)
Coverage (A/C)	118%	114%
Required coverage	114%	114%

Note: The maintenance tests, above, for fiscal years 2025 and 2026 illustrate anticipated coverage of 118% for fiscal 2025 and 114% for fiscal 2026, with a non-cash allocation from the RSF, assuming that the RPB approves the revenue increase and the bonds proposed in this application.

In addition, the increase in water sales revenue from FY 2025 to fiscal FY 2026 reflects assumptions of declining billed consumption and implementation of the proposed rate increase effective on or about January 2025 (fiscal 2025).

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a statement identifying the historic twelve consecutive month period selected from the relevant eighteen-month period upon which to base changes in rates, charges and rate structure and the rationale and basis for that selection. Such statement shall include a schedule setting forth the actual revenues raised during such twelve-month period..."

4. Historic period of twelve months used in the issuance test Section 619 A(1) of General Bond Resolution (\$000 Omitted)

Twelve month period	Net water sales collections	Non- water sales	Interest income	BABs Subsidy	Total collections	
Jul 23 - Jun 24	\$ 131,604	\$ 9,313	\$ 5,343	\$ 683	\$146,943	estimated
Aug 23 - Jul 24	\$ 131,226	\$ 9,438	\$ 5,310	\$ 683	\$146,657	estimated
Sep 23 - Aug 24	\$ 129,963	\$ 9,509	\$ 5,255	\$ 1,011	\$145,738	estimated
Oct 23 - Sep 24	\$ 131,461	\$ 9,548	\$ 5,167	\$ 680	\$146,856	estimated
Nov 23 - Oct 24 (1)	\$ 130,301	\$ 9,592	\$ 5,026	\$ 680	\$145,599	estimated
Dec 23 - Nov 24	\$ 131,141	\$ 9,610	\$ 4,882	\$ 680	\$146,313	estimated
Jan 24 - Dec 24	\$ 131,616	\$ 9,650	\$ 4,761	\$ 680	\$146,707	estimated

⁽¹⁾ Twelve month period used in the projection of revenue

<u>Rationale</u>: The eighteen months preceding the issuance of bonds on or about January 2025 are July 2023 through December 2024. The Authority selected the twelve months from November 2023 through October 2024 as the "historic period" because these twelve months present the lowest cash collections in the eighteen months preceding the issuance of the bonds, the result being that the issuance test demonstrates a lower historical revenue than if the Authority selected a twelve-month period with higher cash collections.

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "...a summary statement of revenues anticipated to be received, reflecting any shortfall or excess in such revenues, from existing rates in the current fiscal year and the year following the fiscal year if no rate action is taken, noting in particular any utilization of the Rate Stabilization Fund..."

5. Anticipated cash collections in the current and approaching fiscal years if there is no increase in rates.

Calculation of shortfall in revenue in FY 2025 if no rate action is taken Fiscal Year 2025 Maintenance test and cash flow (\$000 Omitted)

	Without Proposed Bonds Present Rates				With Proposed Bonds Present Rates				
	Ma	intenance Test	Cash Flow	Maintenance Test		Cash Flow			
Water sales revenue	\$	130,133	\$ 130,133	\$	130,133	\$	130,133		
Non-water revenue		9,744	9,744		9,744		9,744		
BABs subsidy		644	644		644		644		
Investment income		4,028	4,028		4,028		4,028		
		144,549	144,549		144,549		144,549		
Operating and maintenance									
expenses (see page 25 for detail)		71,610	71,610		71,610		71,610		
Depreciation Expense		9,000	-		9,000		-		
PILOT (see page 31 for detail)		9,295	9,295		9,295		9,295		
Debt service deposits			48,273				49,003		
Proposed bonds deposits							876		
		89,905	129,178		89,905		130,784		
Net		54,644	15,371		54,644		13,765		
Debt service payments x 1.14		53,524			53,524				
Proposed bonds payments x 1.14		_			_				
Maintenance test (shortfall)	\$	1,120		\$	1,120				
Cash flow (shortfall)			\$ 15,371			\$	13,765		

Note: The schedule shown above demonstrates that the Authority would not experience a shortfall in the maintenance test for fiscal 2025, ending May 31, 2025, assuming present rates and no issuance of new bonds in the first case and would not have a shortfall at present rates and issuance of new debt in the second case, as the initial debt service on the new bonds will be in fiscal 2026.

Fiscal 2025 debt service reflects additional CT DWSRF and WIFIA debt anticipated prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Please note that the Authority's *General Bond Resolution* distinguishes between debt service payments used in the maintenance test and debt service deposits (transfers) used in the cash flow test.

Calculation of shortfall in revenue in FY 2026 if no rate action is taken Fiscal Year 2026 Maintenance test and cash flow (\$000 Omitted)

	Without Proposed Bonds Present Rates Maintenance Cash Test Flow			With Proposed Bond Present Rates				
						intenance Test	Cash Flow	
Water sales revenue	\$	129,567	\$	129,567	\$	129,567	\$	129,567
Non-water revenue		10,680		10,680		10,680		10,680
BABs subsidy		616		616		616		616
Investment income		3,791		3,791		3,791		3,791
		144,654		144,654		144,654		144,654
Operating and maintenance								
expenses (see page 25 for detail)		74,499		74,499		74,499		74,499
Depreciation Expense		9,000		-		9,000		-
PILOT (see page 31 for detail)		9,755		9,755		9,755		9,755
Debt service deposits				48,245				49,759
Proposed bonds deposits								959
		93,254		132,499		93,254		134,972
Net		51,400		12,155		51,400		9,682
Debt service payments x 1.14		56,978				56,978		
Proposed bonds payments x 1.14						1,782		
Maintenance test (shortfall)	\$	(5,578)			\$	(7,360)		
Cash flow (shortfall)			\$	12,155			\$	9,682

Note: The schedule shown above demonstrates that the Authority would experience a shortfall of approximately \$5.578 million and \$7.360 million in the maintenance test for FY 2026, ending May 31, 2026, assuming present rates and no issuance of new debt in the first case and present rates and the issuance of new debt in the second case.

Please note that the Authority's *General Bond Resolution* distinguishes between debt service payments used in the maintenance test and debt service deposits (transfers) used in the cash flow test.

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "...a schedule comparing the capital expenditures budgeted for a particular fiscal year with those actually completed in that same year for each of the three most recently completely fiscal years. Such schedule shall also state the percentage of the current fiscal year's capital budget expended through the end of the month prior to the filing of the rate application and the projected expenditures through the end of the fiscal year..."

6. Capital expenditures (\$000 omitted)

					Exclusive of Water Shed	Amount Carried
Fiscal	Budgeted		Actual		Protection %	Over from Previous
<u>Year</u>	Expe	nditure*	Ex	<u>penditure*</u>	<u>Expended</u>	Fiscal Year
2022	\$	30,792	\$	29,581	96.2	\$1,096
2023	\$	41,320	\$	41,233	99.8	\$3,003
2024	\$	44,876	\$	43,728	96.2	\$0 **

^{*}Budgeted amount excludes contingency/reserve, state and redevelopment, and growth fund projects.

i) Through June 2024, fiscal year 2025, the Authority has expended approximately \$2.7 million representing 5% of the capital budget for the entire fiscal year and over 100% of the June fiscal 2025 budget, excluding contingency, state and redevelopment, and capital projects funded by the growth fund. The fiscal year 2025 budget includes carry-overs from the preceding fiscal year. Management is projecting to meet or exceed the 96% capital expenditure target that excludes contingency/reserves, state and redevelopment, and growth fund projects. However, achievement of the 96% target may be dependent upon Authority board approval to transfer monies into reserves, due to supply chain and other factors outside the Authority's control.

^{**}Distribution of project reserve - no carry-over

Section Three: Issuance Test and the Use of Bond Proceeds

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a detailed statement of required revenues for the Pro Forma Year setting forth the projected operating and maintenance expenses, by line item; debt service schedules and projected debt, including projected debt service at interest rates in increments of 25 basis points that fall within the range of potential rates at the time of issue; and payments in lieu of taxes."

Note: The *Pro Forma Year* is the twelve-month period following the date on which a projected rate increase is to take effect, i.e., for this application, the twelve months beginning on or about January 2025.

It is assumed that the proposed new bond issuance will be issued for a thirty-year term. The interest rate assumed for new bonds is 4.75%, 2.61% for WIFIA financing and 2.85% for CT DWSRF financing. CT DWSRF financing in this rate application is for a period of 20 years. As indicated in the proposed resolutions, we are proposing the actual rate increase be adjusted to reflect the debt service that we incur associated with the new bonds. Since it is impractical to establish revenue requirements for all possible debt service levels, we have reflected revenue requirements for changes in interest rates (and resulting debt service). If the interest rate (and resulting debt service) falls between two levels reflected on page 29, we would be required to use the higher level in order to meet the Issuance Test. This would be similar to the procedures used in previous rate applications.

1a. Required revenue from rates (the issuance test)

Issuance Test:

Computation of additional revenue required to

$\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{meet is suance test during the $Pro\ Forma\ Year} \\ \textbf{(\$000\ Omitted)} \end{tabular}$

Operating and Maintenance Expenses \$ 73,295	
(see page 26 for detail)	
PILOT 9,523	
(see page 32 for detail)	
Debt Service @ 114% 54,323	
(see page 30 for detail)	
Payments on proposed bonds @ 114% 3,040	
(see pages 28 & 29 for detail)	
Depreciation10,750	_
Revenue requirements 150,931	
Reduction for subsidy received in twelve month period (680)
Reduction for historical interest income	
received in twelve month period (see page 20) (5,026	<u> </u>
Minimum amount to be raised from water	
revenue and non-water revenue 145,225	(A)
Historical revenues for period of twelve consecutive months (see page 20)	
Water revenue \$ 130,301	
Non-water revenue 9,592	
139,893	(B)
Minimal additional revenue required	_
(A) - (B) \$ 5,332	=
Minimal additional revenue resources	
Rate stabilization fund \$	
Increase rates and charges 5,332	(C)
\$ 5,332	=
Minimal additional revenue required	
as a percentage (C) / (B) 3.8%	_

Note: This exhibit shows the amount of additional revenue that the Authority must generate to meet the issuance test for the *Pro Forma Year* beginning January 2025. Detailed sheets supporting the various line items of the issuance test follow, beginning on page 24.

1b. Operating and maintenance expense

Operating and maintenance expenses projected for issuance test during the *Pro Forma Year* beginning 1/1/2025 - by line (\$000 Omitted)

	Fiscal Year 2025 Budget				Pro Forma Year 1/1/25 to 12/31/25	Fiscal Year 2026 Budget	
Payroll	\$	27,281	\$ 11,367	\$ 16,655	\$ 28,022	\$ 28,552	
Employee benefits		11,300	4,708	7,435	12,144	12,746	
General and administrative		1,668	695	995	1,690	1,705	
Transportation		1,036	432	618	1,049	1,059	
Tools and stores		396	165	236	401	405	
Utilities and fuels		1,977	824	1,272	2,096	2,181	
Material from inventory		336	140	200	340	343	
Administrative building space		1,051	438	627	1,064	1,074	
Central lab/water quality		401	167	239	406	410	
Environmental affairs		150	63	89	152	153	
Pump power purchased		3,428	1,428	2,046	3,474	3,507	
Chemicals		3,394	1,414	2,025	3,440	3,472	
Road repairs		300	125	179	304	307	
Postage		671	280	400	680	686	
Printing and forms		71	30	43	72	73	
Training & continuing education		643	268	383	651	657	
Business Improvement		548	228	327	555	560	
Info. systems maintenance fees		3,874	1,614	2,193	3,807	3,759	
Collection expense		1,240	517	739	1,256	1,267	
Public/customer information		335	140	200	339	342	
Outside services		4,553	1,897	2,412	4,309	4,135	
Insurance/Worker's Comp./Damage	e	2,178	908	1,299	2,206	2,226	
Authority fees		175	73	104	177	179	
Consumer counsel		60	25	36	61	61	
RPB Fees and expenses		192	80	114	194	196	
Organizational dues		130	54	78	132	133	
Donations		41	17	25	42	42	
Maintenance and repairs		3,947	1,645	2,354	3,998	4,035	
Regulatory Asset Amortization		234	98	137	234	234	
Totals	\$	71,610	\$ 29,838	\$ 43,458	\$ 73,295	\$ 74,499	

Note: The issuance test requires operating and maintenance expenses to be projected for the twelve-month period subsequent to the date of issuance of the proposed bonds. This exhibit shows the adjustments required to the fiscal 2025 projections to arrive at the operating and maintenance expense for the twelve months beginning January 2025 and for the approaching fiscal year 2026.

1c. Debt service

The following pages 26 to 29 present a schedule showing prior aggregate debt service, as well as debt service proposed in connection with the proposed bonds, with the column on the far right showing total aggregate debt payments. The yield (cost) assumed for the proposed new debt is 4.75%, 2.61% for WIFIA financing and the CT DWSRF financing is at 2.85%. Asterisked is the Authority's fiscal 2029, which has the maximum debt service used in the issuance test.

Page 28, following the schedule described above, provides details concerning the calculation of maximum annual debt service for purposes of the issuance test.

Page 29, presents a sensitivity analysis, which projects debt service for the proposed bonds at yields in increments of 25 basis points, or .0025. ("Yield" measures the overall cost to the Authority of borrowing money through the issuance of debt.

Existing debt includes RWA water system bonds and fourteen CT DWSRF loans. In addition, page 26 reflects financing for an additional CT DWSRF loan for the Derby Tank expected to close prior to January 2025.

This rate application assumes that, prior to January 2025, RWA is successful in securing the CT DWSRF financing for the one project mentioned above and reimbursement for prior expenditures and it also assumes CT DWSRF and WIFIA financing and/or reimbursement of seven additional projects is available within the eighteen month period covered by this application. Such reimbursement proceeds are assumed available to fund the capital improvement plan within the eighteen-month period covered in this application.

South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority Water System Revenue Bonds Debt Service / Payments on Proposed Bonds

Fiscal	Existing	Existing	Existing	Proposed DWSRF	Aggregate
Year	Debt Service (Bonds)	Debt Service (DWSRF)	Debt Service	July - December 2024	Debt Payments
2025	\$ 43,833,181	\$ 2,805,607	\$ 46,638,788	\$ 165,958	\$ 46,804,746
2026	44,600,107	2,805,607	47,405,714	221,277	47,626,991
2027	44,599,335	2,805,607	47,404,942	221,277	47,626,219
2028	44,595,959	2,805,607	47,401,566	221,277	47,622,843
2029	44,624,834	2,805,607	47,430,441	221,277	47,651,718
2030	44,592,043	2,805,607	47,397,650	221,277	47,618,927
2031	44,596,129	2,805,607	47,401,736	221,277	47,623,013
2032	44,594,293	2,805,607	47,399,900	221,277	47,621,177
2033	44,593,213	2,805,607	47,398,820	221,277	47,620,097
2034	44,593,636	2,805,607	47,399,243	221,277	47,620,520
2035	31,794,282	2,805,607	34,599,889	221,277	34,821,166
2036	31,820,849	2,805,607	34,626,456	221,277	34,847,733
2037	31,964,131	2,728,535	34,692,666	221,277	34,913,943
2038	32,323,494	2,374,511	34,698,005	221,277	34,919,282
2039	30,682,535	1,624,317	32,306,852	221,277	32,528,129
2040	17,668,535	1,251,797	18,920,332	221,277	19,141,610
2041	15,399,354	1,207,841	16,607,195	221,277	16,828,472
2042	12,794,030	892,865	13,686,895	221,277	13,908,173
2043	10,304,135	809,560	11,113,695	221,277	11,334,972
2044	10,312,139	742,096	11,054,235	221,277	11,275,512
2045	8,548,137	-	8,548,137	55,319	8,603,456
2046	6,752,625	-	6,752,625		6,752,625
2047	5,814,975	-	5,814,975		5,814,975
2048	5,816,275	-	5,816,275		5,816,275
2049	5,363,850	-	5,363,850		5,363,850
2050	5,367,750	-	5,367,750		5,367,750
2051	2,929,600	-	2,929,600		2,929,600
2052	2,931,750	-	2,931,750		2,931,750
2053	1,169,375	-	1,169,375		1,169,375
2054	1,173,625	-	1,173,625		
2055					
2056					
	\$ 716,154,176	\$ 45,298,810	\$ 761,452,986	\$ 4,425,542.30	\$ 764,704,904

Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority Water System Revenue Bonds Debt Service / Payments on Proposed Bonds, DWSRF

Fiscal	RWA Total Aggregate		4.75 Propose	4.750% Proposed Bonds		RWA Total Aggregate		2.61% - 2.85% Proposed WIFIA/DWSRF	85% A/DWSRF		RWA Total Aggregate
Year	Debt Payments	Coupon	Principal	Interest	Total	Debt Payments	Coupon	Principal	Interest	Total	Debt Payments
2025 \$	46,804,746	\$	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 46,804,746	\$	83,232 \$	62,776 \$	146,007	\$ 46,950,753
2026	47,626,991	5.000%	200,000	1,195,696	1,395,696	49,022,687	2.61% - 2.85%	539,798	418,881	958,679	49,981,366
2027	47,626,219	5.000%	340,000	1,056,750	1,396,750	49,022,969	2.61% - 2.85%	735,421	555,511	1,290,933	50,313,902
2028	47,622,843	5.000%	355,000	1,039,375	1,394,375	49,017,218	2.61% - 2.85%	756,196	534,737	1,290,933	50,308,151
2029	47,651,718	2.000%	355,000	1,021,625	1,376,625	49,028,343	2.61% - 2.85%	777,557	513,375	1,290,933	50,319,276
2030	47,618,927	5.000%	390,000	1,003,000	1,393,000	49,011,927	2.61% - 2.85%	799,523	491,410	1,290,933	50,302,860
2031	47,623,013	5.000%	415,000	982,875	1,397,875	49,020,888	2.61% - 2.85%	822,109	468,824	1,290,933	50,311,821
2032	47,621,177	5.000%	435,000	961,625	1,396,625	49,017,802	2.61% - 2.85%	845,334	445,599	1,290,933	50,308,735
2033	47,620,097	5.000%	455,000	939,375	1,394,375	49,014,472	2.61% - 2.85%	869,215	421,717	1,290,933	50,305,405
2034	47,620,520	5.000%	480,000	916,000	1,396,000	49,016,520	2.61% - 2.85%	893,772	397,161	1,290,933	50,307,453
2035	34,821,166	5.000%	510,000	891,250	1,401,250	36,222,416	2.61% - 2.85%	919,023	371,910	1,290,933	37,513,349
2036	34,847,733	2.000%	535,000	865,125	1,400,125	36,247,858	2.61% - 2.85%	944,987	345,946	1,290,933	37,538,791
2037	34,913,943	5.000%	560,000	837,750	1,397,750	36,311,693	2.61% - 2.85%	971,686	319,247	1,290,933	37,602,626
2038	34,919,282	5.000%	580,000	809,250	1,389,250	36,308,532	2.61% - 2.85%	999,139	291,794	1,290,933	37,599,465
2039	32,528,129	5.000%	630,000	779,000	1,409,000	33,937,129	2.61% - 2.85%	1,027,369	263,564	1,290,933	35,228,062
2040	19,141,610	5.000%	645,000	747,125	1,392,125	20,533,735	2.61% - 2.85%	1,056,396	234,536	1,290,933	21,824,667
2041	16,828,472	5.000%	670,000	714,250	1,384,250	18,212,722	2.61% - 2.85%	1,086,245	204,688	1,290,933	19,503,655
2042	13,908,173	5.000%	705,000	679,875	1,384,875	15,293,048	2.61% - 2.85%	1,116,937	173,996	1,290,933	16,583,980
2043	11,334,972	5.000%	740,000	643,750	1,383,750	12,718,722	2.61% - 2.85%	1,148,497	142,436	1,290,933	14,009,655
2044	11,275,512	5.000%	780,000	605,750	1,385,750	12,661,262	2.61% - 2.85%	1,180,949	109,983	1,290,933	13,952,194
2045	8,603,456	5.000%	820,000	565,750	1,385,750	9,989,206	2.61% - 2.85%	1,068,312	76,613	1,144,925	11,134,132
2046	6,752,625	5.000%	860,000	523,750	1,383,750	8,136,375	2.61% - 2.85%	369,208	46,461	415,669	8,552,044
2047	5,814,975	5.000%	905,000	479,625	1,384,625	7,199,600		130,590	36,241	166,830	7,366,430
2048	5,816,275	5.000%	955,000	433,125	1,388,125	7,204,400		134,001	32,829	166,830	7,371,230
2049	5,363,850	2.000%	1,000,000	384,250	1,384,250	6,748,100		137,502	29,328	166,830	6,914,930
2050	5,367,750	5.000%	1,055,000	332,875	1,387,875	6,755,625		141,094	25,736	166,830	6,922,455
2051	2,929,600	5.000%	1,105,000	278,875	1,383,875	4,313,475		144,780	22,050	166,830	4,480,305
2052	2,931,750	5.000%	1,165,000	222,125	1,387,125	4,318,875		148,563	18,268	166,830	4,485,705
2053	1,169,375	5.000%	1,225,000	162,375	1,387,375	2,556,750		152,444	14,386	166,830	2,723,580
2054	1	5.000%	1,285,000	99,625	1,384,625	1,384,625		156,427	10,404	166,830	1,551,455
2055	1	5.000%	1,350,000	33,750	1,383,750	1,383,750		160,513	6,317	166,830	1,550,580
2056		5.000%		0	•			81,291	2,124	83,415	83,415
\$	764,704,904	\$	21,505,000 \$	20,205,571 \$	41,710,571	\$ 806,415,474	\$	20,398,110 \$	7,088,847 \$	27,486,957	\$ 833,902,431
						\$ 49,028,343					\$ 50,319,276

Note: Amounts may not total due to rounding.

1c. Debt service (continued)

Annual debt service/payments on proposed (\$000 Omitted)

Debt Service (bonds and loans oustanding prior to January 1, 2025)

Maximum aggregate debt service in any year

(max debt year in FY 2029):

Twenty-ninth Series, Thirty-first Series, Thirty-second Series,

Thirty-third Series, Thirty-fourth Series, Thirty-fifth Series,

Thirty-sixth Series. Thirty-seventh Series, 2010 Series A and CT DWSRF:

LG WTP Generator, Lake Saltonstall Intake, Tank Painting,

Automated Metering Infrastructure (four loans)

North Sleeping Giant, Burwell Hill Tank, Lake Saltonstall

Roof Improvement, Seymour Wellfield, Brushy Plains Tank,

RTU project, West River Improvement and Derby Tank.

Debt service for issuance test	\$	47,652	
Coverage requirement (114%)	X	1.14	
Maximum annual debt service @ 114%			\$ 54,323
Proposed bonds and loans			
RWA Principal and interest payment issued in 2024	\$	2,667	
Principal and interest for issuance test	\$	2,667	
Coverage requirement (114%)	X	1.14	
Annual payment in 2029 @ 114%			 3,040
Maximum annual debt payment			\$ 57,363

Note: The Authority's fiscal 2029 is the year it pays maximum annual debt service on all its bonds outstanding, including the proposed bonds. Maximum aggregate debt payments multiplied by 114% equals \$57,363 million, as shown above, the amount used to compute required revenue under Section 619 of the Authority's *General Bond Resolution*. Please refer to page 23 for the issuance test that sums the figures of \$54,323 million and \$3,040 million to arrive at \$57,363 million.

1c. Debt service (cont.)

Sensitivity Analysis

Assumed yield	3.50%	3.75%	6 4.00%	4.25%	6 4.50%	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	5.75%	%00.9
Maximum annual debt service	\$ 50,133	\$				❖	\$ 50,387	\$ 50,428	\$ 50,473	\$ 50,522	\$ 50,566
Revenues	\$ 150,719	S	\$ 150,816	\$ 150,861	\$ 150,908	\$150,931	\$ 151,009	\$ 151,055	\$ 151,107	\$151,162	\$151,213
Depreciation expense	10,750	10,750	10,750	10,750		10,750	10,750	10,750	10,750	10,750	10,750
O&M expenses	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295	73,295
Revenue available											
for debt service	66,674	66,724	66,771	66,816	66,863	988'99	66,964	67,010	67,062	67,117	67,168
. Maximum annual debt service	50,133	50,177	50,218	50,258	50,299	50,319	50,387	50,428	50,473	50,522	50,566
Revenue after debt service	16,541	16,547	16,553	16,558		16,567	16,577	16,582	16,589	16,595	16,602
PILOT	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523	9,523
Revenue Fund balance	\$ 7,018	\$	\$ 7,030	\$ 7,035	\$	∽	\$ 7,054	\$ 7,059	\$ 7,066	\$ 7,072	\$ 7,079
Before PILOT	133%			133%			133%	133%	133%		133%
After PILOT	114%			114%	6 114%		114%	114%	114%	114%	114%
Percent increase over historical period (1)	3.66%		6 3.73%	3.76%	3.80%		3.87%	3.90%	3.94%	3.98%	4.01%
Minimum additional revenue	\$ 5120	5 5171	5717	\$ 5763	\$ 5310	5.332	\$ 5410	5 457	\$ 5508	7925	2195

Projected debt service for Proposed Bonds

Projected debt service for Proposed Bonds

Assumed yields * in increments of 25 basis points (.0025)

Assumed yield Maximum annual debt service

Assumed yield Maximum annual debt service

Sol.133

Revenue a fler debt service

for debt service

for debt service

Sol.133

Revenue after debt service

Sol.133

Before PILOT

After PILOT

Percent increase over historical period

After PILOT

Percent increase over historical period

After Pilot

Percent increase over historical period

Sol.133

Sol.134

Sol.134

Sol.135

Sol.135

Sol.133

Sol.134

Sol.135

Authority's Water System Bonds as well as a rate slightly below CT DWSRF for WIFIA financing. Note: In light of volatility in the financial markets, the Authority presents this sensitivity analysis in increments of 25 basis points. This schedule assumes that the Authority issues new serial water system bonds over a term of 30 years. The above sensitivity analysis holds constant on the rate on the CT DWSRF and WIFIA financing. The CT DWSRF financing in this application is over a term of 20 years and the WIFIA financing in this application is over a term of 30 years. Revenues on the third line include \$5,026,000 of "historic interest income" and \$680,000 of "historical BABs subsidy" that will be deducted from the calculation of "minimum additional revenue" in the issuance test shown in the table on page 23. Page 23 reflects the column shown in bold on this page.

1d. Payments-in-Lieu-of-Taxes

Payments-in-lieu-of-taxes ("PILOT") (\$000 Omitted)

Projected payments based on estimated Grand List and mill rates as of 10/1/2023 and estimates associated with the 10/1/2024 Grand List and mill rates

<u>Issuance Test</u> (Pro Forma Year)

January 1, 2025	\$ 4,707
July 1, 2025	 4,816
	\$ 9,523
Maintenance test and cash flow test (FY 2025 and FY 2026)	
July 1, 2024	\$ 4,588
January 1, 2025	4,707
FY 2025	\$ 9,295
July 1, 2025	\$ 4,816
January 1, 2026	 4,939
FY 2026	\$ 9,755

Note: This exhibit shows required PILOT to municipalities in which the Authority owns real or personal property. The amounts shown are used to compute coverage under the various tests outlined in the Authority's *General Bond Resolution*.

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a narrative of the Authority's rationale and methodology in determining revenue requirements and the sources of revenue expected to meet those requirements..."

1e. Rationale and methodology to determine revenue requirements

The Authority determines the revenue requirements in an issuance test rate application by following the methodology required in Section 619A of the *General Bond Resolution*, quoted on pages 8 and 9 of this application. As noted there, the Authority must demonstrate that it will have sufficient net revenue after operating expenses to pay the projected debt service on bonds outstanding in the current or any future year, as well as for the bonds proposed in this rate application. It demonstrates this sufficiency by subtracting anticipated operating expenses from historical revenues (cash collected).

In calculating historical revenue, the *General Bond Resolution* directs the Authority to choose twelve consecutive months from the eighteen months preceding the issuance of the proposed debt, which in this case, the eighteen-month period is July 2023 through December 2025. As noted in the footnote on page 18 of this application, the Authority chose the twelve consecutive months from November 2023 through October 2024. This twelve-month period represents the lowest cash collections in the eighteen months preceding the issuance of bonds. The Authority has selected this twelve-month period as a result of RWA's continued net approximately 1% declining trend in draft. This decline is due in part to the development of more water efficient appliances such as washing machines and dishwashers, and the installation of improved low-flow plumbing and devices such as toilets, showerheads and faucets. In addition to these new technologies, enhanced awareness by the public as to water conservation and the economy, has contributed to this decline.

Once the Authority establishes a revenue requirement, in this case \$5,332 million, the Authority identifies sources of revenue to fulfill the requirement, typically by increasing water rates and charges, and, possibly, by allocating dollars from the Rate Stabilization Fund (the "RSF"). The Authority also pursues other revenue sources as allowed under the Enabling Legislation to mitigate rate increases. Please refer to page 10 of this application for a discussion regarding the history of the RSF.

As noted briefly on page 10 of this application, the Authority considers a multiplicity of factors when it makes a business decision regarding an allocation from the RSF, whose balance is approximately \$10 million. With the broad mandate to stabilize rates and the latitude granted under Section 414 of the *General Bond Resolution*, the Authority has the flexibility to exercise its judgment in balancing a variety of factors.

The primary factors affecting the Authority's decision not to allocate money from the RSF for purposes of this issuance test are the following:

• Financial Structure

The RSF is a valuable financial resource and is viewed favorably by national rating agencies, i.e., Standard & Poor's & Moody's Investors' Services. The current balance is at the \$10 million target and there has not been a draw since 2010. The February 2024 Standard & Poor's report notes the liquidity position and treats the RSF as unrestricted when assessing cash available. The March 2024 Moody's report also references the RSF. It is important for the Authority to safeguard a resource like the RSF. Relying on the fund, to meet coverage requirements, increases the vulnerability of the Authority's financial structure and should be avoided.

• The Authority's Aged Receivables

While there has been focus on and improvement in cash collections, receipt of timely payment (cash collections), collection of aged receivables is still a concern. Therefore, the Authority believes it is prudent to safeguard the RSF by not allocating its proceeds in the issuance test. Also, given uncertainty related to the economic outlook that could have a negative impact on the aged receivable balance, the Authority does not believe it is prudent to allocate RSF monies to meet the coverage requirement. Also, while we have a focus on accounts receivable, we have had a customer assistance program since calendar 2016.

• Maintain RSF Balance

Cool temperatures and wetter-than-normal weather during fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 resulted in the Authority's need to draw \$1.4 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, from the RSF in order to meet the maintenance test. The RSF balance decreased to approximately \$3 million at the end of fiscal 2010, a reduction of 61% from the prior \$7.6 million balance. The Authority was able to begin replenishing the fund in fiscal 2011, fiscal 2012, and fiscal 2013 bringing the balance to the target level of \$10 million. With the fund at the target level, and with projections of future non-cash draws, the Authority does not think it prudent to allocate money from the RSF to mitigate the revenue requirement shown in the issuance test.

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "... A statement of assumptions used in calculating all data for the *Pro Forma Year* and the year following the fiscal year. Such statement shall include the assume rate of growth of operating and maintenance expenditures along with any and all other relevant assumptions..."

1f. Assumptions

Please note that the exhibits and schedules in this issuance test rate application typically include a brief explanation regarding their purposes and conclusions, as well as a reference to pages in the application that provide more detail for the assumptions underlying the figures shown.

In addition to the information provided within each exhibit or schedule, as noted above, the following explains certain assumptions in response to the requirement of this section of the application:

- (1) Operating and maintenance ("O&M") expense all years
 - (a) For fiscal 2025 ending May 31, 2025

The figure shown for fiscal 2025 is the Authority's budgeted amount.

(b) For the *Pro Forma Year* (beginning January 2025)

Projected amounts for the period January 2025 through December 2025 are based upon fiscal 2025 projections adjusted for known and anticipated changes in each major expense category.

(c) For fiscal 2026 (ending May 31, 2026)

This figure uses the fiscal 2025 projection adjusted to reflect known and anticipated changes in each major expense category.

(2) Other assumptions for the *Pro Form Year* beginning January 2025 and for fiscal 2026 beginning June 1, 2025

(a) Water Revenues

Estimated water revenues are based on billed consumption versus draft. Billed revenues for the *Pro Forma Year* and fiscal 2026 are projected using historical consumption for the same month of the prior year reduced by 1% to reflect the customer's trended decline in usage net of new customers. The billed revenue is converted to collected revenue using patterns of collections.

(b) Wholesale Water

Wholesale water is projected, per existing contracts or anticipated contracts for those coming up for renewal with the Authority's three customers in this category – Aquarion, the City of Meriden, and Connecticut Water Service.

(c) Payments-in-Lieu-of-Taxes ("PILOT)

PILOT is projected by estimating additions to and retirements from the municipalities' Grand Lists, as well as estimating mill rates.

(d) Private and Public Fire Service

The Authority projected revenues from private fire service based on the number of connections from the prior fiscal year-end. Similarly, public fire service revenues are projected using the number of hydrants as of the end of the prior fiscal year.

(e) Debt Service

Debt service payments are at fixed rates, per the Authority's schedules for its bonds currently outstanding.

The debt service payments include the additional CT DWSRF financings expected to close before January 2025. Pursuing CT DWSRF financing for this project has been approved in prior resolutions.

Regarding the new RWA proposed bonds, the amounts shown for debt service payment are estimated, assuming a yield (cost) of 4.75% and a principal amount of approximately \$21.5 million, excluding the approximately \$1.6 million premium. The Authority's financial advisor estimated this yield and the premium in July 2024. This application also includes approximately \$20.4 million of financing through CT DWSRF and WIFIA.

(f) Maximum Annual Debt Service

Please refer to page 28, which calculates the maximum annual debt service for any year in which bonds are outstanding, as referred to in Section 619C of the *General Bond Resolution*, and the resolutions beginning on page 72 regarding the proposed bonds.

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "A statement setting forth the Authority's most recent five-year plan of capital improvements adjusted for any carry-over projects. Such statement shall also discuss the relationship of planned capital spending to the corporate planning model and such plan's consistency with the Authority's strategic plan..."

2. Use of Bond Proceeds

(a) Five-year Plan of Capital Improvements

The following page presents the Authority's five-year plan of capital improvements, originally approved in May 2024, and approved with revisions in June 2024, to reflect "carry overs" from the previous fiscal year to the current fiscal year.

-CAUTION- THE DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION ON PAGES, MAPS OR OTHER MATERIALS STAMPED HEREIN MAY POSE A SAFETY AND SECURITY PRISE TO PERSONS ANDOR PROPERTY. THE DETERMINATION TO DISCLOSE THIS INFORMATION SOLUTION. VEHALES BUSINESTICAL OF SE		South Central Connecticut Regional Wa 5-Year Plan of Capital Improve (000's omitted)								•					
INFORMATION SHALL ONLY BE MADE PURSUANT TO C.G.S. SECTION 1-210.		cal Year 2025	Fi	scal Year 2026		scal Year 2027		cal Year 2028		cal Year 2029		TOTAL			
NATURAL RESOURCES (1)															
Land Management	\$	20	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	50	\$	220			
Watershed Protection		100		50		50		50		50		300			
Improvements to Reservoir Intakes Improvements to Reservoir Dams & Spillways		432 1,637		158 7,277		100 16,800		13,908		550 4,393		1,240 44,014			
Bridge Refurbishments		209		300		10,000		300		-,373		809			
Tunnel Repairs & Improvements		95		500		100		250		100		1,045			
Miscellaneous		575		500		965		1,200		98		3,338			
TREATMENT (2)		3,068		8,835		18,065		15,758		5,241		50,966			
Lake Saltonstall WTP Process Improvements		1,140		5,860		3,300		3,505		2,750		16,555			
Lake Gaillard WTP Process Improvements		7,238		7,484		3,850		400		550		19,522			
West River WTP Process Improvements		1,642		1,854		250		275		315		4,336			
Lake Whitney WTP Process Improvements		1,000		1,918		501		575		2,550		6,544			
Improvements to Groundwater Treatment Facilities		2,965		2,400		3,000		2,475		2,500		13,340			
Filter Media Replacement		800		800		800		900		900		4,200			
Miscellaneous		1,750		1,550		450		550		950	_	5,250			
TRANSMISSION & PUMPING (3)		16,535		21,866		12,151		8,680		10,515		69,746			
Pipe and Transmission Main		11,450		7,675		7,825		7,160		7,925		42,035			
Cleaning and Lining		-		1,000		1,000		1,000		1,000		4,000			
Lead Service Line Replacements		4,000		5,000		5,000		10,000		20,000		44,000			
Valve Replacements		250		400		400		500		500		2,050			
Service Connections & Hydrants Meters		2,525		2,525		2,825		2,825		2,875 450		13,575			
Tank Painting & Improvements		450 1,240		450 3,975		450 3,204		500 1,490		1,148		2,300 11,057			
Tank Construction/Replacement		202		1,809		3,967		4,365		1,115		11,459			
New Haven Service Area Improvements - Phase I				-,		-		-		-					
Motor Control Center Replacements/Electrical Improvements		-		350		350		350		350		1,400			
Critical Pump Station & Transmission Facilities Upgrades		250		1,000		200		1,000		2,950		5,400			
Variable Frequency Drive Replacements		150		200		150		20		200		720			
Pump Station Generator Replacements Burwell Hill Pump Station Equipment Replacement		632		100		650		250		1,000		2,632			
Raynham Hill Pump Station Improvements		-		1,800		-		_		_		1,800			
Spring Street Pump Street Pump Station Replacement		400		1,462		4,000		3,018		1,603		10,482			
Lake Gaillard Pump Station Improvements		200		300		300		300		300		1,400			
Devonwood Drive, Cheshire Booster Pump Station		-		150		1,500		800		-		2,450			
Miscellaneous		1,489		4,758		2,913		1,308		1,880		12,349			
GENERAL PLANT (4)		23,239		32,952		34,735		34,886		43,297		169,108			
CIS		7,923		-		-		-		-		7,923			
Information Systems		1,655		1,000		900		570		758		4,883			
Customer Channels Sales & Marketing		-		-		-		-		-		-			
Data Center Life Cycle Replacements		650		650		650		550		550		3,050			
System-Wide RTU Upgrade						-		-		-					
Equipment		1,992		1,064		954 5,030		811		895		5,716 23,290			
90 Sargent Drive		730 12,950		3,329		7,534		5,395 7,326		11,520 13,723		44,862			
CONTINGENCY		685		870		925		816		878		4,174			
PROJECT RESERVE		593										593			
TOTAL	\$	57,070	\$	67,852	\$	73,409		67,466		73,653	\$	339,449			
ESTIMATED GRANTS (CDS & state)	\$	(716)	\$	(3,500)	\$	(2,000)					\$	(6,216)			
ESTIMATED GRANTS (DWSRF)	\$	(2,000)	\$	(4,000)	\$	(5,000)		(4,000)		(5,000)	\$	(20,000)			
Net Total*	\$	54,354	\$	60,352	\$	66,409	\$	63,466	\$	68,653	\$	313,233			
* Does not include application submitted for FEMA-BRIC (LWD) or othe	r potentia	ı juture grant.	S												
ESCALATED TOTAL (5) CONSTR. FUND STATE & REDEV REVOLV. ACCT	<u>\$</u>	57,070 3,000	\$	69,887 3,000	\$	77,880 3,000	_	73,722 3,000	_	82,897 3,000	\$	361,456 15,000			
COMMERCIAL (6)	\$	100	\$	600	\$	300		40		40	\$	1,080			
- 17	-		~		7						~	-,- 50			

⁽¹⁾ Projects required to provide for present and future water requirements as well as protection of existing water supplies.

⁽²⁾ Projects which are necessary to maintain compliance with all Federal and State regulations as well as provide an adequate supply for future expansion of water demand.

⁽³⁾ Projects necessary to correct deficiencies in the system and provide for current and future demands needed for both consumption and fire protection, as well as modify and upgrade pumping

⁽⁴⁾ Expenditures for specific items including information systems, equipment, vehicles and plant modifications.

⁽⁵⁾ Escalated at 3% per year.

⁽⁶⁾ To be funded out of the Growth Fund

(b) Financial Planning Model

The Authority annually reviews its long-range financial planning model. In October 2023, this model was updated to present a view forward through FY 2033, including the Authority's projected capital expenditure plan.

(c) Strategic Plan

The Authority's existing five-year strategic plan has been updated for the period fiscal 2020 to fiscal 2025. Similar to the earlier strategic plans, the fiscal 2020 to fiscal 2025 strategic plan is based on the principals of the Balanced Scorecard Management and follows four perspectives: Customer/Constituents; Employee Learning and Growth; Financial; and Internal Business Processes. The current five-year plan incorporates strategic goals that guide the organization and will provide a guide for the next several years. In addition, the current strategic plan reflects the efforts of envisioning 2050 and the anticipated trends, including revising certain near-term priorities based on those trends. Each fiscal year, focus areas within the strategic plan for that particular year are identified and the associated fiscal year objectives and action plans are determined.

The financial perspective includes the financial viability and operational resiliency attributes. The strategic goal, pertaining to mitigation of rate increases, is supported by four strategic initiatives:

- Accounts reExpanding commercial revenue sources to mitigate rate increases
- Improve financial operating performance (e.g., capital and operating efficiency, debt leverage, including innovative funding solutions)
- Strengthen pension and other post-retirement benefits funding

In a continued effort to improve capital efficiency, the strategic plan includes a cross-functional approach to asset management and fully linking the technology roadmap to the capital and operating and maintenance budgets. The Authority has been executing against the plan to reduce debt and debt service through utilizing the CT DWSRF, alternative financing (e.g., Water Infrastructure Finance & Innovation Act), and grant opportunities (e.g., Congressional Directed Spending).

In fiscal 2017, GHD, Inc. was retained to perform an audit looking at future capital expenditures. The audit evaluated the appropriateness of management's future capital budgets over the near-term (2018 to 2022), and longer-term (2023 to 2032). GHD's prospective assessment was in contrast to Louis Berger's that examined past expenditures and system condition evaluations. The level of spending across the five-year plan continues to generally reflect the recommendations of the 2017 GHD Capital Expenditure Forecast Audit. However, anticipated expenditures in the certain categories have increased (e.g., Lake Whitney Dam & Spillway Improvements project in the Natural Resources category). A review of the Information Technology component of General Plant was not part of GHD's audit.

The capital spending to be financed with the proposed bonds incorporates the three R's – Risk, Resiliency, and Redundancy, and the approach to capital planning presented with the October 2023 ten-year model. A few of the larger projects requiring funding during the eighteen-month period covered by this rate application include the Lake Whitney Dam & Spillway Improvements, the Customer Information System Replacement, Customer Lead Service Line Replacements, Lake Gaillard Water Treatment Plant HVAC and Lake Gaillard and Lake Saltonstall Electrical Improvements.

The global metric of 96% (exclusive of contingency, state and redevelopment, and growth fund) has been achieved in most recent years, with the exception of fiscal 2018 and fiscal 2020. In fiscal 2018, 94.5% was achieved. Two high-priority projects, the Great Hill Tunnel and Pipeline Restoration, and the Lake Whitney Treatment Plant underdrain work affected the target. Therefore, achieving 94.5% was a significant accomplishment, given the size of the capital budget due to these high-priority projects. In fiscal 2020, the capital program was purposely reduced to conserve funds due to COVID-19 and the decision to delay the rate application filing. In fiscal 2024, the 96% target was exceeded (97.4%) with monies approved to be put into the project reserve due projects being impacted by supply chain challenges and other factors outside the Authority's control.

The Authority has worked since 2009 to achieve operating and capital efficiencies. At the time of the last rate application filing, approximately \$28.1 million in savings was identified since the time the initial (2009 to 2014) strategic plan was implemented, resulting in water rates being lower than they would have been otherwise by about 22%. This rate application reflects an additional savings, bringing the total savings to approximately \$32.2 million, resulting in water rates being lower than they otherwise would have been by about 25%.

Consistent with the base and target ten-year financial model, presented in October 2023, there is no proposed coverage increase incorporated into this rate application. On November 20, 2012, the Authority approved an amendment to the *General Bond Resolution* to increase the debt service coverage from 112% to 114%, effective with the 2012 rate application.

The ten-year financial plan incorporates depreciation expense into the calculation of net revenues. The *General Bond Resolution* recognizes depreciation expense of no less than \$55,555 per month for the period covered by the rate application, equivalent to \$1,000,000 for a rate application that covers eighteen months. The recent revision to the *General Bond Resolution* removes the restriction of not increasing depreciation by more than 10% of book depreciation expense for a rate application. However, depreciation can't be greater than 110% of book depreciation. The purpose of gradually incorporating depreciation expense is to improve cash flow in an effort to help fund capital improvements and replenish reserves. This rate application includes a depreciation increase of \$1,750,000. The last rate application also included an increase of \$1,500,000.

3. Consequences, should the Representative Policy Board reject this application:

If the RPB does not approve this application, the Authority would not be able to fund the Authority's program of capital improvements because the Authority could not raise its rates to meet the requirements of the issuance test without a considerable draw on the RSF and, as a result, would not undertake a financing as anticipated on or about January 2025. Thus, if the RPB took no action on this application, the Authority could not continue its capital program as it has in the past. Not approving this rate application would also severely jeopardize the ability of the Authority to obtain interim subordinate financing, including for emergency projects, and the ability to secure lower cost financing, both of which benefit the customer. In addition, not approving this application would jeopardize the Authority's credit rating that could lead to a higher cost of debt adversely affecting the customer. Finally, the Authority would be unable to meet its maintenance test coverage requirements of 114%. A draw from the RSF would be required to meet the test as shown on page 20.

Section Four: Debt

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a summary statement of debt history."

1. History

Page 12 of this rate application presents the history of the Authority's revenue increases since 1980, each prompted by the Authority's issuance of debt:

The information on page 12 demonstrates that the Authority has obtained approval for twenty-six increases in water revenue over the past approximately forty-four years, an increase over the "historical period" approximately of over every one and one-half years, on average. This current rate application proposes a revenue increase of 3.8%, the result being that the Authority's typical residential customer within would experience a rate increase of approximately \$1.90 per month, or 4.0% as detailed in the "Rates and fees" tab.

In 1980, upon its formation, the Authority issued its first series of bonds to purchase the private, investor-owned New Haven Water Company, founded in the mid-nineteenth century by Eli Whitney, Jr. As a result of that large issuance, the Authority's net debt in 1981 was \$152.1 million, compared to plant of \$67.8 million, yielding a net debt-to-plant ration of 224%. As of May 31, 2024 RWA Water System Revenue Bonds had a balance of approximately \$505.3 million (at par) and the CT DWSRF balance was \$38.5 million. Excluding premiums debt leverage was approximately 79%, adjusted for unspent bond proceeds. The Authority plans on closing on at least one project for an additional approximately \$3.6 million in CT DWSRF prior to January 2025.

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "... A detailed statement of the magnitude of the debt to be issued and the mode(s) and terms of such debt..."

2. Narrative description of the proposed debt

As of May 31, 2024, the Authority's RWA Water System Revenue Bonds, including the portion due within one year, was \$505.3 million (at par) and the Authority had \$38.5 million in CT DWSRF debt; these amounts exclude premiums. The Authority plans on closing at least one project of an additional approximately \$3.6 million in CT DWSRF financing anticipated prior to January 2025. The one project is the Derby Tank.

With this application, the Authority proposes to issue approximately \$23.1 million (including an anticipate premium) of new RWA water system bonds to fund its program of capital improvements for approximately eighteen months, January 2025 to June 2026. The new debt issue also includes the long-term financing associated with the July acquisition. The Authority is also proposing to finance approximately \$20.4 million through the CT DWSRF and WIFIA to take advantage of favorable interest rates, expected to close within the eighteen months period covered by this rate application. Timing will depend on factors such as debt coverage and grant funding availability.

Of the proposed debt, approximately \$23.1 million is anticipated to be in the form of water system revenue bonds which are general obligations of the Authority, issued pursuant to Connecticut Special Act No. 77-98, as amended, and the Authority's *Water System Revenue Bond Resolution General Bond Resolution*, adopted July 31, 1980, as amended and supplemented by all supplemental resolutions. The proposed bonds will be secured by a pledge of revenues of the Authority, pursuant to its *General Bond Resolution*, and all

monies and securities in all funds established by the *General Bond Resolution*. The anticipated \$20.4 million in CT DWSRF and WIFIA financing is also issued under the *General Bond Resolution*.

The Authority anticipates that the final maturity of the proposed new money water system bonds will be thirty years from the date of issuance although, because the bonds may sold as serial bonds, they could have multiple maturities within the thirty years. As shown on page 27 of this application, the Authority estimates that the yield (cost) of the bonds will be approximately 4.75%, although volatility in the financial markets makes this cost difficult to assess. Notwithstanding the preceding information, the Authority may change the details of the bonds and their sale depending on the state of the financial markets in December 2024 and January 2025

Please refer to the schedules on pages 26 and 27 of this application for a depiction of the annual debt service projected for the Authority's debt outstanding, the debt, previously approved and expected to be issued prior to January 2025, and the proposed additional debt. For purposes of the issuance test, the schedule on page 28 specifies those series of bonds outstanding in order to identify the maximum aggregate debt service for any year in in which bonds remain outstanding.

Section Five: Proposed Rates and Fees

The RPB's *Rules of Practice* require the following: "...a detailed schedule comparing proposed rates and charges with existing rates and charges...In the event that a change in the rate structure is proposed in any rate application, a summary of any such proposed changes in the rate structure..."

The cost allocation and rate design incorporated into this rate application are based on a cost of service study performed by Raftelis Financial Consultants, Inc., in July 2021. The purpose of the study was to evaluate the cost of operations, as well as the physical characteristics of the system and its customers' relative requirements (demand) for water.

There are no rate design changes being proposed in this rate application. The rate design continues to reflect a volumetric charge on a per ccf basis applicable to each meter size; the service charge also varies by meter size.

	Service Charge & Volumetric Increase	ge & Volun	retric Increa	se						
Existing 2023 rate schedule: Meter size	8/\$	5/8"	2/8"	2/8"	1."		2	2	9	
100 cubic fi (ccf - equal to 748 gallons	2	5	∞	27	100	17	180	333	3,333	5,000
Cost per 100 cubic feet 5/8 - 3/4" meter (multiply) Cost per 100 cubic feet 1 - 2" meter (multiply) Cost per 100 cubic feet 3 - 6" meter (multiply)	5.027	5.027	5.027	5.027	4.603	4.603		4.603	4.300	2 095
Cost per 100 cubic reet o ant up meter (mamply)	10.05	25.14	40.22	135.73	460.30	828.54		1,532.80 1	14,331.90	19,925.00
Service Fees (fixed)				- 1	6	6	6			- 1
Lotal Monthly Bill	\$ 32.00	8 47.09	\$ 62.17	8 15/.68	\$ 494.19	900.40	46 \$ 1,010.72		14,9/1./1	\$ 20,968.08
Proposed rate schedule: Meter size		5/8"	5/8"	2/8"	1"		2	2	9	
100 cubic ft (ccf - equal to 748 gallons	2	5	∞	27	100	17	180	333	3,333	5,000
Cost per 100 cubic feet 5/8 - 3/4" meter (multiply) Cost per 100 cubic feet 1 - 2" meter (multiply) Cost per 100 cubic feet 3 - 6" meter (multiply) Cost per 100 cubic feet 8" and up meter (multiply)	5.230	5.230	5.230	5.230	4.789	4.789		4.789	4.473	4.146
	10.46	26.15	41.84	141.21	478.90	862.02		1,594.74	14,908.51	20,730.00
Service Fees (fixed) Total monthly bill	22.84	22.84	22.84	22.84	35.26	81.06	\$		665.62	1,085.16
Total annual bill	\sim	4 1	7	÷ +	\$ 8	111				(7)
	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%		4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%
Additional per Mos. Additional per Yr. Additonal per Daily	\$ 1.30 \$ 15.60 \$ 0.04	\$ 1.90 \$ 22.80 \$ 0.06	\$ 2.51 \$ 30.12 \$ 0.08	\$ 6.37 \$ 76.44 \$ 0.21	\$ 19.97 \$ 239.64 \$ 0.67	\$ 36.62 \$ 439.44 \$ 1.22	\$ \$ \$	65.08 \$ 780.96 \$ 2.17 \$	602.42 7,229.04 20.08	\$ 847.08 \$ 10,164.96 \$ 28.24

Detailed Presentation of Rates and Charges for the Service Area Table of Contents

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Introduction

The issuance test for the Authority's proposed Water System Revenue Bonds ("the bonds") requires that the Authority increase its revenues by approximately 3.8% over comparable revenues for the twelve months ended October 2024 known as the "historical period" per section 619 of the *General Bond Resolution*. (Please refer to page 18 of this application regarding the Authority's selection of this twelve-month period.) In this application, the Authority intends to issue its proposed bonds on or about January 2025, depending on the status of the financial markets. Since the Authority's current rates will not support the additional debt service requirements of the *General Bond Resolution*'s issuance test for the proposed financing, the Authority proposes a rate increase, effective on or about January 2025 upon delivery of all or a portion of the proposed bonds. There are no rate design changes being proposed in this rate application.

The following table provides examples of typical residential monthly bills at existing and proposed rates for existing customers:

	<u>Monthly</u>			
	<u>Consumption</u>			Percent
Meter Size	in 100 cubic feet (ccf) (1)	Existing Rates	Proposed Rates	Increase
5/8"	2	32.00	33.30	4.0%
5/8"	5 *	47.09	48.99	4.0%
5/8"	8	62.17	64.68	4.0%
5/8"	27	157.68	164.05	4.0%
1"	100	494.19	514.16	4.0%
2"	180	906.46	943.08	4.0%
2"	333	1,610.72	1,675.80	4.0%
6"	3,333	14,971.71	15,574.13	4.0%
8"	5,000	20,968.08	21,815.16	4.0%
		-	-	

^{*} Typical residential customer

The schedule shown above indicates the typical residential customer of the Authority will experience a rate increase of approximately \$1.90 per month, or 4.0%, respectively. The wholesale rate increase is based on the specific agreements with the Authority's wholesale customers (Aquarion Water Company, the City of Meriden, and Connecticut Water Service). The increase for existing agreements not up for renewal is approximately 3.6%. The proposed rate for new and annual renewing agreements is as identified on page 48. Charges associated with the Authority's non-water revenue programs see page 61, such as PipeSafe, Home Safety Valve, and laboratory testing, will not increase as part of this rate application.

The following pages show existing and proposed charges by various categories such as class of customer; monthly and seasonal time frames; public and private fire service; miscellaneous water and non-water rates; local facilities and service connections; miscellaneous and other revenue.

^{(1) 100} cubic ft (ccf - equal to 748 gallons)

Revenue Summary by class of customer (\$000 omitted)

			L AL	2000 XI			.† ''	100		
	FY 2025	90	Fr 2023 Projected Reven with Proposed	Fr 2023 Projected Revenues with Proposed	Historic 12-mo	Historical Revenues 12-months ended	Revenues per issuance test	Additional Revenues per issuance test	Total Proposed revenues per	posed s per
	Liojected leve	illucs	4.0%	liciease	IO	1/2024	(3.6% II	Clease	BSualic	. Isai
Water revenue collected:										
Revenue class:										
Residential	\$	669,06	↔	91,762						
Commercial		18,911		19,132						
Industrial		2,139		2,164						
Public Authority		4,159		4,208						
Seasonal		464		470						
Small (5/8 - 3/4")					↔	75,598	↔	3,050	↔	78,648
Medium (1 - 2")						30,542		1,232		31,774
Large (3 - 6")						7,201		290		7,491
Very Large (8" and up)						2,742		111		2,853
Total by class		116,372		117,736		116,083		4,683		120,766
Fire service revenue:										
Private		3,466		3,512		3,820		154		3,974
Public		9,444		9,444		9,443		381		9,824
Total fire service		12,911		12,956		13,263		535		13,798
Wholesale revenue		851		867		955		55		1,010
Subtotal water revenue		130,133		131,559		130,301		5,273		135,574
Miscellaneous & Facility charges		1,732		1,732		1,752		59		1,811
Other revenue		8,012		8,012		7,840		'		7,840
Total revenue	\$	139,877	8	141,303	8	139,893	\$	5,332	\$	145,225

* The total of \$145,225 million is in the issuance test on page 23 where the sum of lines B and C equals \$145,225 million.

Monthly Water Rates

Service charges

	E	xisting	P	roposed	Percent
Meter size	servic	e charges	serv	ice charges	<u>increase</u>
5/8"	\$	21.95	\$	22.84	4.0%
3/4"		25.65		26.68	4.0%
1"		33.89		35.26	4.0%
1 1/2"		51.33		53.40	4.0%
2"		77.92		81.06	4.0%
3"		227.83		237.02	4.0%
4"		341.93		355.72	4.0%
6"		639.81		665.62	4.0%
8"		1,043.08		1,085.16	4.0%
10"		1,483.04		1,542.87	4.0%
12"		1,923.16		2,000.74	4.0%
Privately owned		21.92		22.80	4.0%

Consumption Charges

	per	ing rates / hundred ibic feet	per	osed rates / hundred ubic feet	Percent increase
Small (5/8 - 3/4" meters)	\$	5.027	\$	5.230	4.0%
Medium (1 - 2" meters)		4.603		4.789	4.0%
Large (3 - 6" meters)		4.300		4.473	4.0%
Very Large (8" and up)		3.985		4.146	4.0%

Seasonal Water Rates

Service charges

Meter size	Existing ce charges	roposed ce charges	Percent increase
5/8"	\$ 329.76	\$ 343.06	4.0%
3/4"	384.72	400.24	4.0%
1"	508.44	528.95	4.0%
1 1/2"	769.68	800.73	4.0%
2"	1,168.44	1,215.57	4.0%
3"	3,417.60	3,555.47	4.0%
4"	5,129.52	5,336.44	4.0%

Consumption Charges

	per	ng rates / hundred oic feet	per	osed rates / hundred bic feet	Percent increase
All Consumption	\$	7.737	\$	8.049	4.0%

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Public and Private Fire Service Rates

Service charges

SCIVICE	charges		Annual			Percent
		Ex	kisting rates	Pro	posed rates	increase
Public:					•	
	Inch - feet	\$	0.09290	\$	0.09665	4.0%
	Hydrants		191.20		198.91	4.0%
Private	:					
	1" connection	\$	17.70	\$	18.41	4.0%
	2" connection		17.70		18.41	4.0%
	3" connection		17.70		18.41	4.0%
	4" connection		28.61		29.76	4.0%
	6" connection		67.76		70.49	4.0%
	8" connection		177.04		184.18	4.0%
	10" connection		377.24		392.46	4.0%
	12" connection		678.41		705.78	4.0%
	14" connection		1,643.62		1,709.92	4.0%
	16" connection		2,335.18		2,429.38	4.0%

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SERVICE AREA MISCELLANEOUS WATER AND NON-WATER RATES

			Percent
Miscellaneous water rates	Existing rates	Proposed rates *	increase
Hydrant permits:			
Meter service charge	\$ 276	\$ 320	15.9%
Minimum service charge	214	245	14.5%
Seasonal minimum charge	918	978	6.5%
(existing rate includes 80,000 gallons)			
Tank truck water annual charge	98	101	3.1%
(plus: water rate at 5.230 per ccf applicable)			
Wholesale			
Existing	3,107	3,289	5.9%
Renewal / New	3,496	3,621	3.6%
	per million gallons	per million gallons	
Raw Water	0.7121	0.7515	5.5%
	per ccf.	per ccf.	
Miscellaneous non-water rates			
Termination & reconnection charge	168	168	0.0%
(turn-off and turn-on)	100	100	0.070
	222	222	0.00/
Termination & reconnection charge	222	222	0.0%
(after hours call-in)			
Collection visit fee (non-shut)	43	43	0.0%
Other collection activity	(A)	(A)	
Tampering of hydrant			
First offense	500	500	0.0%
Subsequent offense	1,000	1,000	0.0%
Inaccessible Vault/Pit	700	700	0.004
First offense	500	500	0.0%
Subsequent offense	1,000	1,000	0.0%
Unmetered active service fee			
First offense	500	500	0.0%
Subsequent offense	1,000	1,000	NA
Failure to provide access			
First Instance	500	500	0.0%
Subsequent Instance	1,000	1,000	NA
Obstructed curb valve			
First offense	58	58	0.0%
Subsequent offense	(A)	(A)	
Repair/cleaning curb box			
(due to customer negligence)	164	164	0.0%
(=== 10 0 ===== == 10 === 1)			0.0,0
Deficient check charge	30	30	0.0%
Lien processing charge	27	27	0.0%
Filing or Release (each)	60	60	NA
-			
Special customer request charge	(A)	(A)	
Waste inspection charge	87	87	0.0%
Meter resetting charge	166	180	8.4%

 $[\]ensuremath{\ast}$ Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest dollar.

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SERVICE AREA MISCELLANEOUS WATER AND NON-WATER RATES

SERVICE AREA MISCELLANEOUS WATER AND	NON-	VATER RAT	ES	ъ.
Miscellaneous non-water rates	Exis	sting rates	Proposed rates *	Percent increase
Service call				
During working hours	\$	102	\$ 106	3.9%
After hours call-in		289	295	2.1%
Manual meter reading charge		51	51	0.0%
Missed appointment charge		55	55	0.0%
Operate curb valve charge		200	200	0.0%
Repair or replacement of company meter reading device		205	205	0.0%
Mandatory water restriction violation fee				
per occurrence, up to one per day				
During a RWA Drought Stage Watch		25	25	0.0%
During a RWA Drought Stage Warning		50	50	0.0%
During a RWA Drought Stage Emergancy		100	100	0.0%
Excavation for termination of service				
(1) at curb valve		595	620	4.2%
(2) in street at tap valve		(A)	(A)	
Backflow per device testing charges:				
1 to 5 devices		57	60	5.3%
6 to 9 devices		50	53	6.0%
10 to 50 devices		45	48	6.7%
50+ devices		40	42	5.0%
Unscheduled test		115	120	4.3%
Confined space, pit/vault		182	190	4.4%
Residential Irrigation Charge		(4)	38	
Pit/vault requiring pumping		(A)	(A)	
Repair or replacement of company meters (due to customer negligence)				
5/8" & 3/4"		220	230	4.5%
1"		275	290	5.5%
1 1/2"		455	470	3.3%
2"		555	590	6.3%
Over 2"		(A)	(A)	0.570
		· /	()	
Land Record Filing Fee		(A)	(A)	
Private hydrant inspections - annual test		(A)	(A)	
Private hydrant inspections - seasonal (two) tests		(A)	(A)	
Per foot costs to install a hydrant on new main		(B)	(D)	
1 of foot costs to histan a nyurant on new main		(D)	(B)	

⁽A) The actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and/or equipment used, plus overhead at the actual prevailing rates will be used. In those circumstances where this procedure could cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost.

⁽B) The actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and/or equipment used, plus overhead, in accordance with the rules and regulations.

 $[\]ast proposed$ rates are rounded to nearest dollar.

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Rates for local facilities and service connections

	Ex	Existing		Proposed		Percent	
	<u>r</u>	ates_	<u>1</u>	<u>rates *</u>		<u>increase</u>	
Local facilities charges							
Meter Size							
5/8" & 3/4"	\$	580	\$	610		5.2%	
1"		880		935		6.3%	
1 1/2"		1,025		1,085		5.9%	
2"		1,615		1,710		5.9%	
3"		6,460		6,835		5.8%	
4"		8,070		8,540		5.8%	
6"		12,180		12,890		5.8%	
8"	-	16,865		17,850		5.8%	
Corporation stop or branch connectio	n						
1"	\$	315	\$	315	(1)	0.0%	
1 1/2"	,	330	·	330	(1)	0.0%	
2"		665		665	(1)	0.0%	
Over 2"		(A)		(A)			
Meter installation							
5/8" & 3/4"	\$	220	\$	230		4.5%	
1"		275		290		5.5%	
1 1/2"		455		480		5.5%	
2"		555		585		5.4%	
Over 2"		(A)		(A)			

⁽¹⁾ Plus cost of saddle.

⁽A) The actual cost of the material, labor and equipment used, plus overhead at the actual prevailing rates will be used. In those circumstances where this procedure could cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost.

^{*} Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest five dollars.

Description of Miscellaneous Charges

Hydrant Permit Charges

The Authority will assess these charges as follows:

- 1. When a hydrant permit is issued and a meter is installed on the hydrant, the Authority will assess a service charge of \$320, plus the cost of water at the water rate of a 5/8-inch meter.
- 2. When a hydrant permit is issued and a meter is not installed on the hydrant, the Authority will assess a minimum charge of \$245 that allows the permittee to draw not more than 12,000 gallons of water. The Authority will assess estimated usage of 12,000 at its seasonal water rate.
- 3. The Authority will assess seasonal hydrant permits issued between April 1st and November 1st to lawn and tree care businesses and for municipal street cleaning a seasonal minimum charge of \$978 that allows the permittee to use not more than an estimated 80,000 gallons of water. The Authority will assess estimated usage over 80,000 at its seasonal water rate.

The Authority will determine if a meter is to be installed on the hydrant under all circumstances. It will be the permittee's responsibility to safeguard and protect the meter while on the hydrant. The Authority will bill the permittee for damage or loss of meter at its actual cost.

Tank Truck Annual Charge (water rate charges additional)

This charge is assessed to pool water carriers annually. The annual charge is for administration, customer accounting and billing costs. In addition to the annual charge, the 5/8 meter volumetric water rate will be charged.

Termination and Reconnection Charge

This charge is applied to a customer's account when service is restored subsequent to termination for non-payment or failure to comply with the Authority's rules and regulations.

Termination and Reconnection Charge After-Hours

This charge is a premium rate including overtime cost for "same day" reconnection for customers who pay or provide access between the hours of 5:30 p.m. and 9:30 p.m.

Collection Visit Fee (Non-Shut)

This charge is applied if a service or meter-reading technician visits a customer premises for collection purposes and is unable to shut off the water for delinquency and/or leaves a red tag in lieu of shut off.

Other Collection Activity

In accordance with the Authority's Rules and Regulations, under Section H-9, the customer will be responsible for all costs incurred by the Authority in connection with any collection activities on a delinquent account. Charges may be assessed to an account in the event a customer does not rectify a

previously communicated condition that requires repairs, and the Authority performs work to rectify the condition. Examples include, but are not limited to, below-grade, buried or shifted curb boxes that require repair. In addition, this charge will be allocated to shut-off water service in the street at the tap for non-payment in the event the customer obstructs Authority equipment and at least five (5) obstructed curb box fees have been allocated to the account.

Tampering of Hydrant

In accordance with the State of Connecticut Public Act No. 13-262, any person who opens, operates, or takes water from or tampers with any hydrant or takes water from or tampers with any public water supply reservoir without the legal authority or consent of the water utility will be fined.

Inaccessible Vault/Pit

An "inaccessible vault/pit" is a subsurface enclosure that protects water meters and other facilities installed outside of buildings that is in disrepair, blocked, flooded, or is in an unsafe condition and is therefore not accessible by Authority personnel.

Failure to Provide Access

The Authority has requested, and has not been provided with, access to allow for completion of inspections, testing, or replacement of backflow device, service line, or other water infrastructure/equipment, as required by regulations of Connecticut and/or Federal agencies.

Obstructed Curb Valve

This fee will be charged to customers who have prevented access to our curb valve by parking of the curb box or otherwise obstructing it. The customer will be notified of the obstruction and given seven (7) days to rectify the situation. The customer will be charged each time the company attempts access thereafter, not to exceed one charge per day until the customer provides access to our curb valve.

Unmetered Active Service Fee

Any person determined by the Authority to have unmetered active service shall pay, in addition to the value of the estimated quantity of service taken, a fee of \$500 for the first offense, and \$1,000 for subsequent offenses. "Unmetered Active Service Fee" means obtaining service without payment by any means, including without limitation, bypassing, disconnecting or otherwise tampering with a meter, connecting to a fire service or other unmetered line, or turning on a meter previously shut off by the Authority.

Repair or Replacement of Company Meters

A fee will be charged in accordance with the Authority's published rates to replace or repair a company meter that, due to the negligence of the customer, is damaged.

Repair or Replacement of Company Meter Reading Device

A fee will be charged in accordance with the Authority's published rates to replace or repair a company meter-reading device that, due to the negligence of the customer, is damaged.

Repair/Cleaning Curb Box

A fee will be charged in the event the Authority needs to repair or clean out a curb box in order to access the company's curb valve.

Deficient Check Charge

This charge is assessed when a check is returned from the bank because the payer's funds are deficient or because the account is closed. The charge is based on internal processing plus bank charges.

Lien Processing Charge

This charge is applied on accounts when formal liens are placed on the land records. The purpose of the charge is to defray the cost of searching land records prior to filing formal liens.

Lien Filing or Release Fee

This fee is for filing and release fees charged be towns and cities.

Land Records Filing Fee

This fee is for the recovery of filing fees associated with High/Low Pressure Agreements, Easement Agreements, and Well Abandonment Agreements.

Waste Inspection Charge

This charge is assessed to all customers requesting a waste inspection. The purpose of this charge is to allocate the cost of waste inspections to users of this service.

Meter Resetting Charge

This charge is applied to the first bill after meter removal from an existing premise. The charge does not apply to meter changes initiated by the Authority, to seasonal customers, or to new service customers. The purpose of the charge is to recover the cost of turning on the service and resetting a meter on an existing service.

Operate Curb Valve Charge

This charge is applied to the water bill after a customer requests disconnection of the service at the curb valve to repair internal plumbing fixtures, etc. The charge does not apply to curb valve operation initiated by the Authority, to seasonal on/offs, normal meter removals or new service customers. The purpose of the charge is to defray the cost of operating a curb valve at the request of a customer.

Excavation for Termination of Service

These charges are applied to the water bill after terminations of service for non-payment or failure to comply with the Authority's rules and regulations whenever it is necessary to: (1) hand excavate to operate the curb valve; or (2) excavate in the street to operate the tap valve.

Backflow Device Test Charges

The backflow testing charges are for testing the proper operation of backflow prevention devices installed on a customer's premises. Annual testing of these devices is required by the State of Connecticut Public Health Code. The Authority also offers testing of these devices at the request of customers. The charges are applied to the water bill whenever a customer requests the test.

Service Call

During working hours: This charge is applied to a customer's account when Authority personnel respond to a service call and the problem is internal to the premise (frozen meter, frozen pipe, shut valve, knocking pipes, etc.).

After working hours: This charge is applied to a customer's account when Authority personnel respond to a service call after 9:30 p.m.

Manual Meter Reading Charge

A fee will be charged to a customer on a per-read basis if the customer refuses to allow the Authority to install advanced metering infrastructure (AMI) automatic meter reading system equipment; therefore, the Authority must obtain meter readings manually each billing period.

Mandatory Water Restriction Charge

When the Authority imposes mandatory water restrictions for discretionary outside water usage, which may include, but not be limited to, irrigation, car washing, and power washing, customers who do not comply will be charged as follows (per occurrence up to one occurrence per day):

During a RWA Drought Stage Watch - \$25 During a RWA Drought Stage Warning - \$50 During a RWA Drought Stage Emergency - \$100

Missed Appointment Charge

This fee will be allocated to a customer's account if a customer schedules an appointment with the Authority to perform any related work requiring access to the customer's premises, and the customer does not notify the Company at least 24 hours in advance that they are unable to keep the scheduled appointment.

Special Customer Request Charge

This fee is for customer special requests to produce redundant information including, but not limited to, duplicate bills, the cost of labor and overhead for each 15-minute interval over 30 minutes will be charged.

Private Hydrant Inspection – Annual

This fee is for one annual inspection of a privately owned hydrant.

<u>Private Hydrant Inspection – Seasonal (Bi-annual)</u>

This fee is for seasonal, bi-annual inspection of a privately owned hydrant.

Other Miscellaneous Charges and Charges for Pipe Installation

Miscellaneous Charges

Charges for all services or materials are based on the direct cost of the material, labor and equipment used, plus the cost of overhead at prevailing rates. In those circumstances where the procedure would result in a significant delay in final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost. Whenever possible, the Authority assesses these charges on the water bill account, rather than issuing a separate invoice.

Charges for Pipe Installation (subject to proportionate sharing)

Charges for pipe installation under the rules and regulations for the extension of main will be the cost of the pipe, labor, and equipment used, plus overhead at prevailing rates. In those circumstances where this procedure would cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost. If pavement excavation and replacement or repairs are required for the extension, these additional charges will be added to the final invoice. The cost of pipe will normally be based on 8-inch main, but, if it is necessary to install pipe larger or smaller than 8-inch to satisfy the requirements of the applicant, the cost shall be based on the pipe size actually required.

Per Foot Charge to Install a Hydrant on New Main

A per foot cost to install a hydrant on new main will be charged at actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and or equipment used, plus overhead, in accordance with the rules and regulations.

Service Connection Charges

Prior to the approval of an application, a service connection charge shall be paid by each applicant for each new service connection and meter installation as follows:

Corporation Stop or Branch Connection

<u>Size</u>	Existing Service Charges	Proposed Service Charges
1"	\$315 (1)	\$315 (1)
1 ½"	330 (1)	330 (1)
2"	665 (1)	665 (1)
Over 2"	(A)	(A)

⁽¹⁾ Plus cost of saddle.

(A) The charge will be the cost of material, labor, and equipment used, plus the cost of overhead at prevailing rates.

	Meter Installation	
	Existing Service	Proposed Service
Meter Size	<u>Charges</u>	<u>Charges</u>
5/8" & 3/4"	220	230
1"	275	290
1 1/2"	455	480
2"	555	585
Over 2"	(A)	(A)

(A) The Charge will be the Authority's cost of mater, labor, and equipment used, plus the cost of overhead a prevailing rates. In circumstances where this procedure would significantly delay the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for its cost. The purpose of these charges is to defray the cost of installing the corporation stop or branch connection for a service connection; also for installing the mater and inspecting installation of the service connection.

Local Facilities Charge

A local facilities charge for each connection to water main shall be paid by the prospective customer applying for water service from the main. The customer pays this charge prior to receiving approval from the Authority for a service connection.

	Meter Installation	
	Existing Service	Proposed Service
Meter Size	<u>Charges</u>	<u>Charges</u>
5/8" & 3/4"	580	610
1"	880	935
1 1/2"	1,025	1,085
2"	1,615	1,710
3"	6,460	6,835
4"	8,070	8,540
6"	12,180	12,890
8"	16,865	17,850

The purpose of these charges is to collect a fair contribution from the applicant-for-service toward the cost of the utility system, heretofore paid by existing customers.

Economic Development Rate**

The Authority offers an "economic development rate" as an incentive to encourage new* commercial or industrial customers in its service area, for significantly expanding operations, or distressed businesses

contemplating closing by assessing the customer at 80 percent of applicable water rates for the first five (5) years of occupancy. Rates will be subject to periodic effects of a general rate increase and/or surcharges. If the customer's period of occupancy is less than five (5) years, the Authority will pro-rate the full rate back to the first date of occupancy. After the initial five (5) years, over the subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer a ten (10) percent increase in the first year of the three (3) year period, a five (5) percent increase in the second year, and a five (5) percent increase in the third and final year of the three-year period. These increases will be based on the then current rates. At the end of this subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer its full applicable water rates.

To qualify for this economic development rate the customer must consume at least 500,000 gallons of water per year.

*A new customer is defined as relocating to the Authority's service area from out-of-state or from another service area within Connecticut.

**Applicability of the Economic Development Rate to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

Wholesale Rate

Each time that the Authority files an application for a general increase in revenue, it updates its calculations for wholesale customers, according to the terms of their respective contracts. In this current rate application, the Authority has updated costs allocable to the wholesale rate based on an older prescribed methodology in certain existing agreements. The rate increase based on this methodology is 3.6%. In this rate application, the Authority has also calculated the proposed wholesale rate based on the July 2021 cost of service study filed in that rate application, for renewals and new wholesale contracts.

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Miscellaneous charges (page 1 of 2)

Type of carrice	Existing	Existing	Proposed rates *	Revenues at proposed
Type of service	revenues	<u>rates</u>	rates *	rates
Water sales				
Hydrant permits Meter service charge Minimum charge Seasonal minimum charge		276 214 918	320 245 978	
Tank truck water annual charge (plus: water rate at $5.230~\mathrm{per}$ ccf) Totals	230,372	98	101	253,424
Raw water sales - per ccf		0.7121	0.7515	
Total water sales	230,372			253,424
Non-water sales				
Waste inspections	87	87	87	87
Deficient check charge	53,693	30	30	53,693
Lien processing fee	10,804	27	27	10,804
Lien filing or release (ea)	incl above	60	60	
Termination and reconnection charge Termination & reconn. charge after hours Collection visit fee (non-shut)		168 222 43	168 222 43	
Other collection activity Subtotal	349,483	(A)	(A)	349,483
Tampering of hydrant First offense Subsequent offense	-	500 1,000	500 1,000	-
Unable to access vault/pit First offense Subsequent offense	500	500 1,000	500 1,000	500
Unmetered active service fee First Offense Subsequent offense	500	500 1,000	500 1,000	500
Failure to Provide Access First Offense Subsequent offense	1,000	500 1,000	500 1,000	1,000
Repair/cleaning curb box (due to customer negligence)	984	164	164	984
Meter resetting charge (continued on next page)	12,836	166	180	13,919

(continued on next page)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest dollar.

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Miscellaneous charges (page 2 of 2)

Type of service	Existing revenues	Existing <u>rates</u>	Proposed rates *	Revenues at proposed <u>rates</u>
Operate curb valve	\$ 54,260	\$ 200	\$ 200	\$ 54,260
Obstructed curb valve First offense Subsequent offense	580	58 (A)		580
Service call (1) During working hours (2) After hours (call-in) Subtotal	20,110	102 289	295	20,624
Manual meter reading fee	305,450	51		305,450
Missed appointment charge	7,367	55	55	7,367
Repair or replacement of company meter reading device (eg Flexnet) Mandatory water restriction violation fee per offense, up to one per day During RWA drought stage watch During RWA drought stage warning During RWA drought stage emergency	34,030	205 25 50 100	25 50	34,030
Special customer request	-	(A)	(A)	-
Excavation for termination of service (1) at curb valve (2) in street at tap valve		595 (A)		
Backflow device testing charges: I to 5 devices 6 to 9 devices 10 to 50 devices 50+ devices Unscheduled test Confined space, pit/vault Residential Irrigation Charge Pit/vault requiring pumping	470,071	57 50 45 40 115 182 (A)	53 48 42 120 190 38	493,142
Repair or replacement of company meters (due to customer 5/8" & 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2" Over 2" Land Record Filing Fee Private hydrant inspections - annual test Private hydrant inspections - seasonal (two) tests	-	220 275 455 555 (A) (A) (A) (A)	290 470 590 (A) (A)	-
Per foot costs to install a hydrant on new main		(A) (B)		
Total non-water sales	\$ 1,321,755			\$ 1,346,423
Total water and non-water sales	1,552,127			1,599,847

⁽A) The charge will be the Authority's cost of material, labor and equipment used, plus the cost of overhead at prevailing rates. In circumstances where this procedure could significantly delay the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitue for its cost.

⁽B) The actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and/or equipment used, plus overhead, in accordance with the rules and regulations.

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Local facilities charges	xisting venues	xisting <u>rates</u>		oposed ates *			evenues proposed <u>rates</u>
Meter Size 5/8" & 3/4" 1" 1-1/2" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"		\$ 580 880 1,025 1,615 6,460 8,070 12,180 16,865		\$ 610 935 1,085 1,710 6,835 8,540 12,890 17,850			
Total local facilities revenues	\$ 147,730	10,003		17,030		\$	156,345
Corporation stop or branch connection 1" 1 1/2" 2" Over 2" Meter installation 5/8" & 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2"		315 330 665 (A) 220 275 455 555	(1)	315 330 665 (A) 230 290 480 585	(1)		
Over 2" Total meter installation revenues	 52,155	(A)		(A)			54,927
Total local facilities, corporation stop/branch connection and meter installation revenues	\$ 199,885					<u>\$</u>	211,272

^{*} Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest five dollars.

(1) Plus cost of saddle

(A) The actual cost of the material, labor and equipment used, plus overhead at the actual prevailing rates will be used. In those circumstances where this procedure could cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost.

Other revenue

(\$000 Omitted)

	F	Y 2025	Reve	enues per
Type of Service	<u>Pr</u>	<u>rojected</u>	<u>issu</u>	ance test
Total other revenue	\$	8,012	\$	7,840

Total "other revenue" includes the following items:

Rental income
Recreation permits
Laboratory services
Forestry
PipeSafe Offerings (water, sewer/septic, plumbing)
Private fleet repairs
Homeowner Safety Valve

Section Six: Proposed Rates and Fees

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a proposed notice of public hearing and filing of rates and other charges for water-related services to be published by the Board prior to the public hearing on such matter in accordance with sections 10 and 14 of the Act..."

1. Notice of public hearing (proposed)

REPRESENTATIVE POLICY BOARD OF THE SOUTH CENTRAL CONNECTICUT REGIONAL WATER DISTRICT

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING AND FILING OF RATES AND OTHER CHARGES FOR WATER AND RELATED SERVICES

The Representative Policy Board ("RPB") of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water District ("the District") will hold a public hearing at 7:00 p.m. on Thursday, September 26, 2024, to consider the application of the Authority to establish rates, other charges, and rate schedules for water and related services ("the 2025 Rate Application").

Members of the public may attend the meeting in person at 90 Sargent Drive, New Haven, Connecticut or via remote access. For remote access information, and to view the application and accompanying information, please go to https://tinyurl.com/mu6vxn53. The public hearing is being held pursuant to provisions of Sections 10 and 14 of the District's enabling legislation, which is Connecticut Special Act 77-98, as amended.

The Authority's proposed rates are to be effective as of the delivery of all or a portion of the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds, proposed to be issued on or about January 2025 (the "proposed bonds"). The Authority anticipates that total revenues to be raised by the proposed increase in rates will be approximately \$5,332 million, or 3.8%, more than revenue from existing rates and charges during the historical period of twelve months referenced in Section 619A(1) of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority's *Water System Revenue Bond Resolution General Bond Resolution*.

The proposed 4.75% yield on the proposed bonds is based on an assumed interest rate. The Authority's proposal contemplates that the actual rate increase will be adjusted, depending on the effective interest rate paid by the Authority on the proposed bonds as follows:

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Interest Rate	Revenue Increase
3.50% and lower	3.66%
above 3.50% and up to 3.75%	3.70%
above 3.75% and up to 4.00%	3.73%
above 4.00% and up to 4.25%	3.76%
above 4.25% and up to 4.50%	3.80%
above 4.50% and up to 4.75%	3.81%
above 4.75% and up to 5.00%	3.87%
above 5.00% and up to 5.25%	3.90%
above 5.25% and up to 5.50%	3.94%
above 5.50% and up to 5.75%	3.98%
above 5.75% and up to 6.00%	4.01%

The following table provides examples of monthly bills at existing and proposed rates. The typical residential customer of the Authority's district will experience an increase of approximately \$1.90 per month or 4.0%.

	<u>Monthly</u>			
	<u>Consumption</u>			
Meter Size	in 100 cubic feet (ccf) (1)		Existing Rates	Proposed Rates
5/8"	2		32.00	33.30
5/8"	5	*	47.09	48.99
5/8"	8		62.17	64.68
5/8"	27		157.68	164.05
1"	100		494.19	514.16
2"	180		906.46	943.08
2"	333		1,610.72	1,675.80
6"	3,333		14,971.71	15,574.13
8"	5,000		20,968.08	21,815.16

^{*} Typical residential customer

All of the users of the water supply system of the Authority, as well as owners of the property served or to be served, residents and taxpayers in the member towns of the District, and other interested persons shall have an opportunity to be heard concerning the matters under consideration.

Members of the Authority and its consultants and a representative of the Office of Consumer Affairs of the RPB will be available at the public hearing to discuss details of the proposed rates, other charges, and rate schedules for water and related services. Copies of the 2025 rate application are available for public inspection at the District's offices, 90 Sargent Drive, New Haven, Connecticut 06511.

^{(1) 100} cubic ft (ccf - equal to 748 gallons)

Notice posted by:

Robert E. Harvey, Jr., Chairperson Representative Policy Board of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water District Notice is hereby given that the Authority has filed with the Representative Policy Board for its approval, the following rates and other charges for water and related services within the District to become effective on the delivery date of all or a portion of the proposed bonds, based on a revenue increase of 3.8%.

Monthly Water Rates

Service charges

	Existing		P	roposed
Meter size	serv	vice charges	serv	vice charges
5/8"	\$	21.95	\$	22.84
3/4"		25.65		26.68
1"		33.89		35.26
1 1/2"		51.33		53.40
2"		77.92		81.06
3"		227.83		237.02
4"		341.93		355.72
6"		639.81		665.62
8"		1,043.08		1,085.16
10"		1,483.04		1,542.87
12"		1,923.16		2,000.74
Privately owned		21.92		22.80

Consumption Charges

	per	Existing rates / per hundred <u>cubic feet</u>		Proposed rates / per hundred <u>cubic feet</u>		
Small (5/8 - 3/4" meters)	\$	5.027	\$	5.230		
Medium (1 - 2" meters)		4.603		4.789		
Large (3 - 6" meters)		4.300		4.473		
Very Large (8" and up)		3.985		4.146		

Seasonal Water Rates

Service charges

	Existing		Proposed	
Meter size	service charges		servi	ce charges
5/8"	\$	329.76	\$	343.06
3/4"		384.72		400.24
1"		508.44		528.95
1 1/2"		769.68		800.73
2"		1,168.44		1,215.57
3"		3,417.60		3,555.47
4"		5,129.52		5,336.44

Consumption Charges

	Existing rates /		Proposed rates /		
	per hundred		per hundred		
	cul	oic feet	cul	oic feet	
All Consumption	\$	7.737	\$	8.049	

Public and Private Fire Service Rates

Service charges

<u>DCI VICC</u>	o charges		A 1		
			Annual		_
		$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	<u>sisting rates</u>	<u>Pro</u>	posed rates
Public:					
	Inch - feet	\$	0.09290	\$	0.09665
	Hydrants		191.20		198.91
Private	:				
	1" connection	\$	17.70	\$	18.41
	2" connection		17.70		18.41
	3" connection		17.70		18.41
	4" connection		28.61		29.76
	6" connection		67.76		70.49
	8" connection		177.04		184.18
	10" connection		377.24		392.46
	12" connection		678.41		705.78
	14" connection		1,643.62		1,709.92
	16" connection		2,335.18		2,429.38

SERVICE AREA MISCELLANEOUS WATER AND NON-WATER RATES

Miscellaneous water rates	Existing rates	Proposed rates *
Hydrant permits: Meter service charge Minimum service charge	\$ 276 214	\$ 320 245
Seasonal minimum charge (existing rate includes 80,000 gallons) Tank truck water annual charge (plus: water rate at 5.230 per ccf applicable)	918 98	978 101
Wholesale		()
Existing Renewal / New	(c) (c) per million gallons	(c) (c) per million gallons
Raw Water	0.7121 per ccf.	0.7515 per ccf.
Miscellaneous non-water rates		
Termination & reconnection charge (turn-off and turn-on)	168	168
Termination & reconnection charge (after hours call-in)	222	222
Collection visit fee (non-shut)	43	43
Other collection activity	(A)	(A)
Tampering of hydrant First offense	500	500
Subsequent offense	1,000	1,000
Inaccessible Vault/Pit First offense Subsequent offense	500 1,000	500 1,000
	1,000	1,000
Unmetered active service fee First offense	500	500
Subsequent offense	1,000	1,000
Failure to provide access		
First Instance Subsequent Instance	500 1,000	500 1,000
Obstructed curb valve	,,,,,	,,,,,
First offense	58	58
Subsequent offense	(A)	(A)
Repair/cleaning curb box		
(due to customer negligence)	164	164
Deficient check charge	30	30
Lien processing charge Filing or Release (each)	27 60	27 60
Special customer request charge	(A)	(A)
Waste inspection charge	87	87
Meter resetting charge	166	180

 $[\]ensuremath{\ast}$ Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest dollar.

⁽c) as per contractual agreements

SERVICE AREA MISCELLANEOUS WATER AND NON-WATER RATES

Miscellaneous non-water rates	Existing rates	Proposed rates *
Service call During working hours	\$ 102	\$ 106
After hours call-in	289	295
Manual meter reading charge	51	51
Missed appointment charge	55	55
Operate curb valve charge	200	200
Repair or replacement of company meter reading device	205	205
Mandatory water restriction violation fee		
per occurrence, up to one per day	2.5	25
During a RWA Drought Stage Watch	25 50	25 50
During a RWA Drought Stage Warning During a RWA Drought Stage Emergancy	100	100
Dunig a KWA Drought Stage Lineightey	100	100
Excavation for termination of service		
(1) at curb valve	595	620
(2) in street at tap valve	(A)	(A)
Backflow per device testing charges:		
1 to 5 devices	57	60
6 to 9 devices	50	53
10 to 50 devices	45	48
50+ devices	40	42
Unscheduled test	115	120
Confined space, pit/vault	182	190
Residential Irrigation Charge Pit/vault requiring pumping	(A)	38 (A)
Fil/vaun requiring puriping	(A)	(A)
Repair or replacement of company meters (due to		
customer negligence)		
5/8" & 3/4"	220	230
1"	275	290
1 1/2"	455	470
2"	555	590
Over 2"	(A)	(A)
Land Record Filing Fee	(A)	(A)
Private hydrant inspections - annual test	(A)	(A)
Private hydrant inspections - seasonal (two) tests	(A)	(A)
Per foot costs to install a hydrant on new main	(B)	(B)

⁽A) The actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and/or equipment used, plus overhea at the actual prevailing rates will be used. In those circumstances where this procedure could cause significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost.

⁽B) The actual cost of the material, labor including outside services and/or equipment used, plus overhea in accordance with the rules and regulations.

^{*}proposed rates are rounded to nearest dollar.

Other Miscellaneous Charges for Pipe Installation

Miscellaneous Charges

Charges for all services or materials are based on the actual, direct cost of the material, labor, and equipment used, plus the cost of overhead at prevailing rates. In those circumstances where the procedure will cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost. These charges are assessed on the water bill account whenever possible; otherwise, a separate invoice is rendered.

Charges for Pipe Installation (subject to proportionate sharing

Charges for pipe installation under Extension of Main Rules and Regulations will be the actual cost of pipe, labor and equipment used, plus overheads at prevailing rates. In those circumstances where this procedure will cause a significant delay in the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for actual cost. If pavement excavation and replacement or repairs are required for the extension, these additional charges will be added to the final invoice. The cost of pipe will normally be based on 8-inch main, but if for any reason it is necessary to install pipe larger or smaller than 8 inch to satisfy the requirements of the applicant, the cost shall be based on the pipe size actually required.

Service Connection Charges

Prior to the approval of an application, a service connection charge shall be paid by each applicant for each new service connection and mater installation as follow:

	Existing <u>rates</u>		pposed ates *
Corporation stop or branch connection			
1"	\$	315	\$ 315 (1)
1 1/2"		330	330 (1)
2"		665	665 (1)
Over 2"		(A)	(A)

- (1) Plus the cost of saddle.
- (A) The charge will be the Authority's cost of material, labor and/or equipment used, plus its cost of overhead at prevailing rates. In circumstances where this procedure for charging a customer would significantly delay the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for its cost.

Meter Installation

The purpose of these charges is to defray the cost of installing the corporation stop or branch connection for a service connection, installing the meter, and inspecting the installation of the service connection.

^{*} Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest five dollars.

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		Existing		Proposed	
		<u>r</u>	rates	<u>ra</u>	tes *
Meter installation					
	5/8" & 3/4"	\$	220	\$	230
	1"		275		290
	1 1/2"		455		480
	2"		555		585
	Over 2"		(A)		(A)

^{*} Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest five dollars.

Local Facilities Charges

The purpose of the local facilities charge is to collect a fair contribution from the applicant toward the cost of the utility system, heretofore paid by existing customers.

A local facilities charge for each separate connection to a water main shall be paid by each applicant who desires to secure water service from the main. The applicant will pay the charge prior to the Authority's granting approval for a service connection.

Local facilities charges		Existing rates		Proposed rates *	
	Meter Size				
	5/8" & 3/4"	\$ 580	\$	610	
	1"	880		935	
	1 1/2"	1,025		1,085	
	2"	1,615		1,710	
	3"	6,460		6,835	
	4"	8,070		8,540	
	6"	12,180		12,890	
	8"	16,865		17,850	

⁽A) The charge will be the Authority's cost of material, labor and/or equipment used, plus its cost of overhead at prevailing rates. In circumstances where this procedure for charging a customer would significantly delay the final billing, the Authority will use an appropriate substitute for its cost.

Economic Development Rate**

The Authority offers an "economic development rate" as an incentive to encourage new* commercial or industrial customers in its service area, for significantly expanding operations, or distressed businesses contemplating closing by assessing the customer at 80 percent of applicable water rates for the first five (5) years of occupancy. Rates will be subject to periodic effects of a general rate increase and/or surcharges. If

^{*} Proposed rates are rounded to the nearest five dollars.

the customer's period of occupancy is less than five (5) years, the Authority will pro-rate the full rate back to the first date of occupancy. After the initial five (5) years, over the subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer a ten (10) percent increase in the first year of the three (3) year period, a five (5) percent increase in the second year, and a five (5) percent increase in the third and final year of the three-year period. These increases will be based on the then current rates. At the end of this subsequent three (3) year period, the Authority will assess the customer its full applicable water rates.

To qualify for this economic development rate the customer must consume at least 500,000 gallons of water per year.

*A new customer is defined as relocating to the Authority's service area from out-of-state or from another service area within Connecticut.

^{**}Applicability of the Economic Development Rate to be reviewed on a case-by-case basis.

The RPB's Rules of Practice require the following: "...a proposed set of resolution: (1) approving the proposed rates and charges; and (2) authorizing the issuance of new debt..."

2. Resolutions

2a. Resolutions of the Authority

SOUTH CENTRAL CONNECTICUT REGIONAL WATER AUTHORITY RESOLUTION

APPROVING THE PROPOSED ISSUANCE OF BONDS

RESOLVED: That the Authority hereby establishes the general terms and provisions of the Authority's Bonds which may be issued as Project Loan Obligations delivered to the State of Connecticut (the "Bonds") which are to be issued under its Water System Revenue Bond Resolution, General Bond Resolution adopted by the Authority and approved by the Representative Policy Board on July 31, 1980, as amended (the "General Bond Resolution").

- 1. The Bonds shall not exceed Forty-five Million Dollars (\$45,000,000) in aggregate principal amount.
- 2. The Bonds may be issued as obligations in one or more series pursuant to the General Bond Resolution and a supplemental resolution to be adopted by the Authority for each series of Bonds, each of which shall specify the amount of the Bonds, the purposes for which the Bonds are to be issued, the date or dates, maturities, sinking fund installments if any, interest rates, series, denominations, form, redemption prices, security provisions and such other details of the Bonds as the Authority shall determine in accordance with the limits established by the General Bond Resolution and hereby.
- 3. The purposes of the Bonds shall be to finance or refinance the cost of certain capital improvements to the water system of the Authority (the "Projects") from approximately January, 2025 through June, 2026 in accordance with a certain capital improvement plan (the "Plan") adopted by the Authority on June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, or in accordance with resolutions approved by the Authority for additional water system projects, (the "Resolutions"), to provide funds for deposit to the Capital Contingency Fund, Debt Reserve Fund, and Operating Reserve Fund, as necessary pursuant to the General Bond Resolution and as permitted by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and to pay costs of issuance.
- 4. The Bonds may be sold by a competitive bid or by negotiation as serial or term bonds with stated maturities and may be sold in a private or direct placement to a bank or the State of Connecticut.
- 5. The Authority reasonably expects to incur expenditures (the "Expenditures") in connection with the Projects of which a general functional description is contained in the Plan and the

Resolutions. The Authority reasonably expects to reimburse itself for the cost of Expenditures with respect to the Projects with the proceeds of tax-exempt debt to be issued by the Authority within eighteen (18) months after the date of any Expenditure or the date the Project is placed in service or abandoned, whichever is later. The maximum principal amount of such debt with respect to the Projects is not expected to exceed \$45,000,000.

6. The form of this resolution entitled "Resolution Approving the Proposed Issuance of Bonds" a copy of which shall be filed with the records of the Authority, shall be submitted to the Representative Policy Board for its approval in accordance with Section 22 of Special Act No. 77-98, as amended.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that:

- 1. Temporary notes of the Authority which may be issued as Interim Funding Obligations delivered to the State of Connecticut may be issued by the Authority in the amount of \$45,000,000 in anticipation of the receipt of the proceeds from the sale of such Bonds.
- 2. The President and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice President and Chief Financial Officer or any one of them may apply to the State Department of Public Health for eligibility and funding of the Projects and sign such application and any other documents which may be necessary or desirable to apply for eligibility of and to apply for and obtain financial assistance for the Projects from the State's Drinking Water Fund Program and that any such action taken prior hereto is hereby ratified and confirmed.

2b. Proposed Resolution of the Representative Policy Board

REPRESENTATIVE POLICY BOARD

OF THE

SOUTH CENTRAL CONNECTICUT REGIONAL WATER DISTRICT

PROPOSED RESOLUTIONS

RESOLUTION #1: WATER RATES AND CHARGES

RESOLUTION #2: THE ISSUANCE OF BONDS

Resolution #1: Resolution Approving Water Rates and Charges

RESOLVED, that the Representative Policy Board of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water District (the "RPB") hereby approves the water rates and related charges set forth in the 2025 issuance test rate application (the "2025 Rate Application"), filed by the South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority (the "Authority") with the RPB on July 2024, and be it further

RESOLVED, that the water rates and related charges set forth in the 2025 Rate Application and attached hereto shall become effective upon the delivery of all or a portion of the Authority's Water System Revenue Bonds, a portion of which may be issued as Project Loan Obligations delivered to the State of Connecticut (the "Bonds"). The Bonds are currently expected to be delivered on or about January 2025. The water rates and related charges affected by this resolution will be adjusted at the time of the sale of the Bonds in accordance with the table on page 29 of the 2025 Rate Application to reflect the interest rate on the Bonds and resulting debt service; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the water and related charges established by the Authority, and approved herein, are hereby found to be just and equitable rates and charges which, together with other available funds, will provide the Authority with funds in amounts sufficient for the purposes set forth in Section 14 of the Authority's enabling legislation, Special Act 77-98, as amended, but not in excess of such amounts.

Resolution #2: Resolution Approving the Issuance of Bonds

WHEREAS, the South Central Connecticut Regional Water Authority (the "Authority") proposes to issue its Bonds which may be issued as Project Loan Obligations delivered to the State of Connecticut (the "Bonds") in accordance with Special Act 77-98, as amended, of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut (the "Act") and the Water System Revenue Bond Resolution, General Bond Resolution, adopted by the Authority and approved by the Representative Policy Board of the South Central Connecticut Regional Water District (the "RPB") on July 31, 1980, as amended and supplemented (the "General Bond Resolution"); and

WHEREAS, the Act authorizes the Authority to issue its bonds from time to time but subject to the approval of the RPB.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. The RPB hereby approves the issuance of the Authority's Bonds in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed Forty-five Million Dollars (\$45,000,000).

- 2. The Bonds may be issued as obligations in one or more series pursuant to the General Bond Resolution and a supplemental resolution to be adopted by the Authority for each series of Bonds, each of which shall specify the amount of the Bonds, the purposes for which the Bonds are to be issued, the date or dates, maturities, sinking fund installments if any, interest rates, series, denominations, form, redemption prices, security provisions and such other details of the Bonds as the Authority shall determine in accordance with the limits established by the General Bond Resolution and hereby.
- 3. The purposes of the Bonds shall be to finance or refinance the cost of certain capital improvements to the water system of the Authority (the "Projects") from approximately January, 2025 through June, 2026 in accordance with a certain capital improvement plan (the "Plan") adopted by the Authority on June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time, or in accordance with resolutions approved by the Authority for additional water system projects, (the "Resolutions"), to provide funds for deposit to the Capital Contingency Fund, Debt Reserve Fund, and Operating Reserve Fund, as necessary pursuant to the General Bond Resolution and as permitted by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and to pay costs of issuance.
- 4. The Bonds may be sold by a competitive bid or by negotiation as serial or term bonds with stated maturities and may be sold in a private or direct placement to a bank or the State of Connecticut.

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